Excerpt

In order to construct the <u>vaulted</u> ceiling a wooden <u>scaffold</u> was erected connecting the two walls of the choir one hundred and thirty feet above ground. On the <u>scaffolding</u> wooden <u>centerings</u> like those used for the <u>flying buttresses</u> were installed. They would support the arched stone <u>ribs</u> until the <u>mortar</u> was dry, at which times the <u>ribs</u> could support themselves. The <u>ribs</u> carried the <u>webbing</u>, which was the ceiling itself. The <u>vaults</u> were constructed one <u>bay</u> at a time, a <u>bay</u> being the rectangular area between four <u>piers</u>.

One by one, the cut stones of the <u>ribs</u>, called <u>voussoirs</u>, were hoisted onto the <u>centering</u> and <u>mortared</u> into place by the <u>masons</u>. Finally the <u>keystone</u> was lowered into place to lock the <u>ribs</u> together at the <u>crown</u>, the highest point of the arch.

The carpenters then installed pieces of wood, called <u>lagging</u>, that spanned the space between two <u>centerings</u>. On top of the <u>lagging</u> the <u>masons</u> laid one <u>course</u> or layer of <u>webbing</u> stones. The <u>lagging</u> supported the course of <u>webbing</u> until the <u>mortar</u> was dry. The <u>webbing</u> was <u>constructed</u> of the lightest possible stone to lessen the weight on the <u>ribs</u>. Two teams, each with a <u>mason</u> and a carpenter, worked simultaneously from both sides of the <u>vault</u> installing first the <u>lagging</u>, then the <u>webbing</u>. When they met in the center the <u>vault</u> was complete. The <u>vaulting</u> over the <u>aisle</u> was <u>constructed</u> in the same way and at the same time.

When the <u>mortar</u> in the <u>webbing</u> had set, a four-inch layer of <u>concrete</u> was poured over the entire <u>vault</u> to prevent any cracking between the stones. Once the <u>concrete</u> had set, the <u>lagging</u> was removed and the <u>centering</u> was lowered and moved onto the <u>scaffolding</u> of the next bay. The procedure was repeated until eventually the entire choir was <u>vaulted</u>.

Macaulay, David. Cathedral: The Story of Its Construction. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1973. (1973)

CCSS, Appendix B, pg. 96