Rhode Island

Grade 4 and 8 Public Schools State Mathematics 2017

This report provides selected results for Rhode Island's public school students at grades 4 and 8 from the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assessment in mathematics. Results are reported by average scale scores and by achievement levels (*Basic, Proficient,* and *Advanced*).

State-level results in mathematics are available for 12 assessment years (at grade 8 in 1990; and at both grades 4 and 8 in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017), although not all states may have participated or met the criteria for reporting in every assessment year. All 50 states, the District of Columbia, Department of Defense Education Activity schools (DoDEA), and Puerto Rico participated in the 2017 mathematics assessment at grades 4 and 8.

For more information about the assessment, visit the NAEP website at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/ which contains

- The Nation's Report Card™, Mathematics 2017
- The full set of national and state results in an interactive database
- Released test questions, scoring guides, and question-level performance data

NAEP is a project of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), reporting on the academic achievement of elementary and secondary students in the United States.

KEY FINDINGS FOR 2017

Grade 4:

- In 2017, the average mathematics score for fourth-grade students in Rhode Island was 238. This was lower than that for the nation's public schools (239).
- The average score for students in Rhode Island in 2017 (238) was higher than that in 1992 (215) and was not significantly different from that in 2015 (238).
- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Proficient* was 39 percent. This was not significantly different from that for the nation's public schools (40 percent).
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (39 percent) was greater than that in 1992 (13 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 2015 (37 percent).
- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Basic* was 79 percent. This was not significantly different from that for the nation's public schools (79 percent).
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Basic* in 2017 (79 percent) was greater than that in 1992 (54 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 2015 (80 percent).

Grade 8:

- In 2017, the average mathematics score for eighth-grade students in Rhode Island was 277. This was lower than that for the nation's public schools (282).
- The average score for students in Rhode Island in 2017 (277) was higher than that in 1990 (260) and was lower than that in 2015 (281).
- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Proficient* was 30 percent. This was smaller than that for the nation's public schools (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (30 percent) was greater than that in 1990 (15 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 2015 (32 percent).
- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Basic* was 66 percent. This was smaller than that for the nation's public schools (69 percent).
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above *Basic* in 2017 (66 percent) was greater than that in 1990 (49 percent) and was smaller than that in 2015 (72 percent).

The U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, and National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) have provided software that generated user-selectable data, statistical significance test result statements, and technical descriptions of the NAEP assessments for this report. Content may be added or edited by states or other jurisdictions. This document, therefore, is not an official publication of the National Center for Education Statistics.

Introduction

What Was Assessed?

The content for each NAEP assessment is determined by the National Assessment Governing Board. The framework for each assessment documents the content and process areas to be measured and sets guidelines for the types of questions to be used. The mathematics frameworks were developed with the guidance of the Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO) and under the direction of the Governing Board. The current framework is available at the Governing Board's website https://www.nagb.org/content/nagb/assets/documents/publications/frameworks/mathematics/2017-mathematics-framework.pdf.

For grades 4 and 8, the mathematics framework for the 2017 assessment is similar to earlier versions that guided the 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015 mathematics assessments. Although the frameworks are updated periodically, the mathematics content objectives for grades 4 and 8 have not changed substantially, allowing students' performance in 2017 to be compared with previous years.

Content Areas and Mathematical Complexity

The 2017 mathematics framework classifies assessment questions in two dimensions, *content area* and *mathematical complexity*, that are used to guide the assessment. Each question is designed to measure one of the five content areas. However, certain aspects of mathematics, such as computation, occur in all content areas. Although the names of the content areas have changed from one framework to the next, a consistent focus has remained on measuring student performance in all five content areas. The distribution of questions among each content area differs by grade to reflect the knowledge and skills appropriate for each grade level.

- **Number properties and operations** measures students' understanding of ways to represent, calculate, and estimate with numbers.
- **Measurement** assesses students' knowledge of measurement for such attributes as capacity, length, area, volume, time, angles, and rates.
- **Geometry** measures students' knowledge and understanding of shapes in two and three dimensions and relationships between shapes such as symmetry and transformations.
- **Data analysis, statistics, and probability** measures students' understanding of data representation, characteristics of data sets, experiments and samples, and probability.
- **Algebra** measures students' understanding of patterns, using variables, algebraic representation, and functions.

The mathematical complexity of a question refers to the level of cognitive demand it places on students. Each level of complexity includes aspects of knowing and doing mathematics, such as performing procedures, understanding concepts, or solving problems.

- **Low complexity** questions typically specify what a student is to do, which is often to carry out a routine mathematical procedure.
- **Moderate complexity** questions involve more flexibility of thinking and often require a response with multiple steps.
- **High complexity** questions make heavier demands and often require abstract reasoning or analysis in a novel situation.

Assessment Design

Because of the breadth of the content covered in the NAEP mathematics assessment, each student took just a portion of the test, consisting of two 25-minute sections. Most students' testing time was divided evenly between multiple-choice and constructed-response questions. Short constructed-response questions asked

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students to provide the answer for a numerical problem or to briefly describe the solution to a problem. Longer constructed-response questions required students to write both a solution and its justification, explanation, or interpretation. Released test questions, along with student performance data by state, are available on the NAEP website at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/itmrlsx/.

Some questions in the 2017 assessment incorporated the use of calculators (four-function calculators at grade 4 and scientific or graphing calculators at grade 8), rulers, protractors (at grade 8), or manipulatives such as spinners and geometric shapes. Calculator use at all grades was permitted on approximately one-third of the assessment.

Who Was Assessed?

All 50 states, the District of Columbia, Department of Defense Education Activity schools (DoDEA), and Puerto Rico participated in the 2017 mathematics assessment at grades 4 and 8. The overall participation rates for schools and students must meet guidelines established by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and the National Assessment Governing Board for assessment results to be reported to the public. A minimum of 85 percent participation is required for schools in each subject and grade combination. Participation rates for the 2017 mathematics assessment are available on the NAEP website at http://www.nationsreportcard.gov/reading_math_2017/#mathematics/about#participation.

The schools and students participating in NAEP assessments are selected to be representative both nationally and for public schools at the state level. The comparisons between national and state results in this report present the performance of public school students only. In NAEP reports, the category "nation (public)" does not include DoDEA or Bureau of Indian Education schools.

How Is Student Mathematics Performance Reported?

The 2017 state results are compared to results from 10 earlier assessments at grade 4 and from 11 earlier assessments at grade 8.

Scale Scores: Student performance is reported as an average score based on the NAEP mathematics scale, which ranges from 0 to 500 for grades 4 and 8. Because NAEP scales are developed independently for each subject and for each content area within a subject, the scores cannot be compared across subjects or across content areas within the same subject. Results are also reported at five percentiles (10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th) to show trends in performance for lower-, middle-, and higher-performing students.

Achievement Levels: Achievement levels are performance standards that describe what students should know and be able to do. Results are reported as percentages of students performing at or above three achievement levels (*Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*). Students performing at or above the *Proficient* level on NAEP assessments demonstrate solid academic performance and competency over challenging subject matter. It should be noted that the NAEP *Proficient* achievement level does not represent grade level proficiency as determined by other assessment standards (e.g., state or district assessments).

Interpreting the Results

NAEP achievement-level setting is based on the collective judgments of a broadly representative panel of teachers, education specialists, and members of the general public. The authorizing legislation for the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) requires that the achievement levels be used on a trial basis until the Commissioner of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) determines that the achievement levels are reasonable, valid, and informative to the public (20 USC § 9622(e)(2)(C)). The NCES Commissioner's determination is to be based on a congressionally mandated, rigorous, and independent evaluation. The latest evaluation of the achievement levels was conducted by a committee convened by the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine in 2016. The evaluation concluded that further evidence should be gathered to determine whether the achievement levels are reasonable, valid, and informative. Accordingly, the NCES Commissioner determined that the trial status of the achievement levels should be maintained at this time. Read more about how NAEP achievement levels are set.

The three achievement levels are defined as follows:

- *Basic* denotes partial mastery of prerequisite knowledge and skills that are fundamental for proficient work at each grade.
- Proficient represents solid academic performance for each grade assessed. Students reaching this level
 have demonstrated competency over challenging subject matter, including subject-matter knowledge,
 application of such knowledge to real-world situations, and analytic skills appropriate to the subject
 matter.
- Advanced represents superior performance.

The achievement levels are cumulative; therefore, students performing at the *Proficient* level also display the competencies associated with the *Basic* level, and students at the *Advanced* level also demonstrate the competencies associated with both the *Basic* and the *Proficient* levels.

As provided by law, NCES, upon review of congressionally mandated evaluations of NAEP, has determined that achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted with caution. The NAEP achievement levels have been widely used by national and state officials. The mathematics achievement-level descriptions are summarized in Figures 1-A and 1-B.

Figure 1-A

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Descriptions of fourth-grade achievement levels for 2017 NAEP mathematics assessment

Basic Level Fourth-grade students performing at the *Basic* level should show some evidence of understanding the mathematical concepts and procedures in the five NAEP content areas.

(214)

Fourth-graders performing at the *Basic* level should be able to estimate and use basic facts to perform simple computations with whole numbers; show some understanding of fractions and decimals; and solve some simple real-world problems in NAEP content areas. Students at this level should be able to use—although not always accurately—four-function calculators, rulers, and geometric shapes. Their written responses are often minimal and presented without supporting information.

Proficient Fourth-grade students performing at the *Proficient* level should consistently apply integrated procedural knowledge and conceptual understanding to problem solving in the five NAEP content areas.

(249)

Fourth-graders performing at the *Proficient* level should be able to use whole numbers to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are reasonable. They should have a conceptual understanding of fractions and decimals; be able to solve real-world problems in NAEP content areas; and use four-function calculators, rulers, and geometric shapes appropriately. Students performing at the *Proficient* level should employ problem-solving strategies such as identifying and using appropriate information. Their written solutions should be organized and presented both with supporting information and explanations of how they were achieved.

Advanced Fourth-grade students performing at the *Advanced* level should apply integrated procedural knowledge and conceptual understanding to complex and nonroutine real-world problem solving in the five NAEP content areas.

Fourth-graders performing at the *Advanced* level should be able to solve complex and nonroutine real-world problems in all NAEP content areas. They should display mastery in the use of four-function calculators, rulers, and geometric shapes. These students are expected to draw logical conclusions and justify answers and solution processes by explaining why, as well as how, they were achieved. They should go beyond the obvious in their interpretations and be able to communicate their thoughts clearly and concisely.

NOTE: The scores in parentheses in the shaded boxes indicate the lowest point on the 0-500 scale at which the achievement-level range begins. SOURCE: National Assessment Governing Board. (2016). Mathematics Framework for the 2017 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC.

Figure 1-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Descriptions of eighth-grade achievement levels for 2017 NAEP mathematics assessment

Basic Level

(262)

Eighth-grade students performing at the *Basic* level should exhibit evidence of conceptual and procedural understanding in the five NAEP content areas. This level of performance signifies an understanding of arithmetic operations—including estimation—on whole numbers, decimals, fractions, and percents.

Eighth-graders performing at the *Basic* level should complete problems correctly with the help of structural prompts such as diagrams, charts, and graphs. They should be able to solve problems in NAEP content areas through the appropriate selection and use of strategies and technological tools—including calculators, computers, and geometric shapes. Students at this level also should be able to use fundamental algebraic and informal geometric concepts in problem solving.

As they approach the *Proficient* level, students at the *Basic* level should be able to determine which of the available data are necessary and sufficient for correct solutions and use them in problem solving. However, these eighth-graders show limited skill in communicating mathematically.

Proficient Eighth-grade students performing at the *Proficient* level should apply mathematical concepts and **Level** procedures consistently to complex problems in the five NAEP content areas. **(299)**

Eighth-graders performing at the *Proficient* level should be able to conjecture, defend their ideas, and give supporting examples. They should understand the connections among fractions, percents, decimals, and other mathematical topics such as algebra and functions. Students at this level are expected to have a thorough understanding of *Basic* level arithmetic operations—an understanding sufficient for problem solving in practical situations.

Quantity and spatial relationships in problem solving and reasoning should be familiar to them, and they should be able to convey underlying reasoning skills beyond the level of arithmetic. They should be able to compare and contrast mathematical ideas and generate their own examples. These students should make inferences from data and graphs, apply properties of informal geometry, and accurately use the tools of technology. Students at this level should understand the process of gathering and organizing data and be able to calculate, evaluate, and communicate results within the domain of statistics and probability.

Advanced Eighth-grade students performing at the *Advanced* level should be able to reach beyond the recognition, identification, and application of mathematical rules in order to generalize and synthesize concepts and principles in the five NAEP content areas.

Eighth-graders performing at the *Advanced* level should be able to probe examples and counterexamples in order to shape generalizations from which they can develop models. Eighth-graders performing at the *Advanced* level should use number sense and geometric awareness to consider the reasonableness of an answer. They are expected to use abstract thinking to create unique problem-solving techniques and explain the reasoning processes underlying their conclusions.

NOTE: The scores in parentheses in the shaded boxes indicate the lowest point on the 0-500 scale at which the achievement-level range begins. SOURCE: National Assessment Governing Board. (2016). *Mathematics Framework for the 2017 National Assessment of Educational Progress*. Washington, DC.

Assessing Students With Disabilities and/or English Language Learners

Testing accommodations, such as extra testing time or individual (rather than group) administration, are provided for students with disabilities (SD) and/or English language learners (ELL) who could not fairly and accurately demonstrate their abilities without modified test administration procedures. In 1996, administration procedures were introduced at the national level allowing certain accommodations for students requiring such accommodations to participate.

In state NAEP mathematics assessments prior to 2000, no testing accommodations or adaptations were permitted for SD and/or ELL students. In 2000, NAEP was administered using a split sample of schools—one sample in which accommodations were permitted for SD and/or ELL students who normally received them and another sample in which accommodations were not permitted. Therefore, there were two different sets of results available for 2000, and both are shown in the tables in this report. Please note that bullet statements only reference the results from the 2000 assessment where accommodations were permitted. Results for the assessment years when accommodations were not permitted in state NAEP assessments (1990, 1992, 1996) are reported in the same tables as the results when accommodations were permitted (2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017).

NAEP 2017 Digitally Based Mathematics Assessment

While 2017 marked the first year a mathematics Digitally Based Assessment (DBA) was administered, a small portion of the students sampled took a mathematics Paper Based Assessment (PBA). NAEP administered the assessment in both modes—DBA and PBA—to investigate potential differences in performance between students taking the assessment on a tablet and students taking the paper-based assessment. Each participating student, however, took the assessment in only one mode.

It is important for NAEP to assess as many students selected to participate as possible. Assessing representative samples of students, including students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL), helps to ensure that NAEP results accurately reflect the educational performance of all students in the target population, and can continue to serve as a meaningful measure of U.S. students' academic achievement over time. To ensure that all selected students from the population can be assessed, many of the same accommodations that SD and ELL students use on other tests are provided for those students participating in NAEP. Read more about accommodations available in NAEP. Accommodations were first made available for the mathematics assessment in 1996. In the 2017 NAEP mathematics assessment, accommodations were provided for both DBA and PBA. In DBA, some accommodations were provided by the test delivery system (e.g., extended time) while others were available outside of the test delivery system (e.g., breaks during test). DBA also included a set of accessibility features, referred to as universal design elements that were available to all students.

Interpreting Results

The scores and percentages in this report are estimates based on samples of students rather than on entire populations. In addition, the collection of questions used at each grade level is only a sample of the many questions that could have been asked to assess the skills and abilities described in the NAEP framework. Comparisons over time or between groups are based on statistical tests that consider both the size of the differences and the standard errors of the two statistics being compared. Standard errors are margins of error, and estimates based on smaller groups are likely to have larger margins of error. The size of the standard errors may also be influenced by other factors such as how representative the assessed students are of the entire population. Statistical tests that factor in these standard errors are used to determine whether the differences between average scores or percentages are significant. All differences were tested for statistical significance at the .05 level using unrounded numbers.

NAEP sample sizes have increased since 2002 compared to previous years, resulting in smaller standard errors. As a consequence, smaller differences are detected as statistically significant than were detected in previous assessments. In addition, estimates based on smaller groups are likely to have relatively large standard errors. Thus, some seemingly large differences may not be statistically significant. That is, it cannot be determined whether these differences are due to sampling error, or to true differences in the population of interest.

Differences between scores or percentages are discussed in this report only when they are significant from a statistical perspective. Significant differences between 2017 and prior assessments are marked with a notation (*) in the tables. Any differences in scores within a year or across years that are mentioned in the text as "higher," "lower," "greater," or "smaller" are statistically significant.

Score or percentage differences or gaps cited in this report are calculated based on differences between unrounded numbers. Therefore, the reader may find that the score or percentage difference cited in the text or tables may not be identical to the difference obtained from subtracting the rounded values shown in the accompanying tables or figures.

The reader is cautioned against making simple causal inferences between student performance and the other variables (e.g., race/ethnicity, gender, and type of school location) discussed in this report. A statistically significant relationship between a variable and measures of student performance does not imply that the variable causes differences in how well students perform. The relationship may be influenced by a number of other variables not accounted for in this report, such as family income, parental involvement, or student attitudes.

NAEP 2017 Mathematics Overall Average Score and Achievement-Level Results for Public School Students

Overall mathematics results for public school students from Rhode Island are reported in this section, as well as regional and national results. The regions defined by the U.S. Census Bureau are Northeast, South, Midwest, and West (http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/hsts/tabulations/regions.asp). Trend data by region are not provided for assessment years prior to 2003.

Prior to 2000, testing accommodations were not provided for SD and/or ELL students in NAEP state mathematics assessments. For 2000, results are displayed for both the sample in which accommodations were permitted and the sample in which they were not permitted. Subsequent assessment results were based on the more inclusive samples. In the text of this report, comparisons to 2000 results refer only to the sample in which accommodations were permitted.

Overall Scale Score Results

Student performance is reported as an average score based on the NAEP mathematics scale, which ranges from 0 to 500 for grades 4 and 8.

Tables 1-A and 1-B show the overall performance results of grades 4 and 8 public school students in Rhode Island, the nation, and the region. Prior to 2003, the list of states that comprise a given region for NAEP differed from the list used by the U.S. Census Bureau, which has been used in NAEP from 2003 onward. Therefore, the data for the state's region are given only for 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017. The first column of results presents the average score on the NAEP mathematics scale. The remaining columns show the scores at selected percentiles. Percentiles indicate the percentages of students whose scores fell at or below a particular score. For example, the 25th percentile defines the cut point for the lowest 25 percent of students within the distribution of scale scores.

Grade 4 Scale Score Results

- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island was 238. This was lower than that for students across the nation (239).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score for students in 2017 was not significantly different from that in 2015 (238). Similarly, the average scale score for students in public schools across the nation in 2017 was not significantly different from that in 2015 (240).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score for students in 2017 was higher than the scores in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005. However, it was lower than the scores in 2011 and 2013.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results

- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island was 277. This was lower than that for students across the nation (282).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score for students in 2017 was lower than that in 2015 (281). However, the average scale score for students in public schools across the nation in 2017 was not significantly different from that in 2015 (281).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score for students in 2017 was higher than the scores in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005. However, it was lower than the scores in 2011, 2013, and 2015.

Table 1-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Average scale scores and selected percentile scores in NAEP mathematics for fourth-grade public school students, by year and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017

Year and jurisdiction		Average scale score	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	219*	176*	197*	220*	241*	259*
	Rhode Island	215*	174*	195*	217*	237*	254*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	222*	180*	201*	224*	244*	261*
	Rhode Island	220*	180*	202*	222*	241*	258*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	226*	185*	206*	228*	249*	265*
	Rhode Island	225*	181*	206*	228*	247*	263*
2000	Nation (public)	224*	183*	203*	225*	247*	264*
	Rhode Island	224*	182*	204*	227*	246*	262*
2003	Nation (public)	234*	196	215*	235*	254*	270*
	Northeast ²	238*	200	219*	239*	258*	272*
	Rhode Island	230*	190	210*	232*	252*	268*
2005	Nation (public)	237*	199*	219	239*	257*	272*
	Northeast ²	241	204*	224*	243	261*	275*
	Rhode Island	233*	195	215	236*	253*	269*
2007	Nation (public)	239	201*	221*	241	259*	274*
	Northeast ²	245*	209*	228*	247*	264	279
	Rhode Island	236	199	219	238	255*	270*
2009	Nation (public)	239	201*	221*	241	259*	275*
	Northeast ²	244*	208*	226*	246*	264	279
	Rhode Island	239	199	221	241	260	274
2011	Nation (public)	240*	202*	222*	242	260	276*
	Northeast ²	244*	206*	226*	246*	264	280
	Rhode Island	242*	203*	224*	244*	262	277
2013	Nation (public)	241*	202*	222*	243*	262	278
	Northeast ²	245*	206*	226*	246*	265	281
	Rhode Island	241*	202*	223*	244*	262	278
2015	Nation (public)	240	201*	221*	241	260	277*
	Northeast ²	242	203*	223	243	263	279
	Rhode Island	238	199	219	240	259	274
2017	Nation (public)	239	197	219	241	261	279
	Northeast ²	241	199	221	243	263	280
	Rhode Island	238	195	218	240	260	276

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction in 2017.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

² Region in which jurisdiction is located. Regional data are not provided for years prior to 2003 to be consistent with the U.S. Census Bureau defined regions. NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

Table 1-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Average scale scores and selected percentile scores in NAEP mathematics for eighth-grade public school students, by year and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017

Year and jurisdiction		Average scale score	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	262*	214*	237*	263*	288*	307*
	Rhode Island	260*	213*	235*	261*	286*	306*
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	267*	219*	242*	268*	293*	314*
	Rhode Island	266*	222*	244*	268*	289*	307*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	271*	222*	247*	272*	296*	316*
	Rhode Island	269*	222	246*	271*	294*	314*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	274*	225*	250*	276*	300*	321*
	Rhode Island	273*	228	251	275	298*	319*
2000	Nation (public)	272*	221*	247*	274*	299*	320*
	Rhode Island	269*	219*	245*	271*	296*	317*
2003	Nation (public)	276*	228*	253*	278*	301*	321*
	Northeast ²	281*	233	258	283*	306*	325*
	Rhode Island	272*	224	248	274*	298*	316*
2005	Nation (public)	278*	230*	254	279*	303*	323*
	Northeast ²	282*	235	259	284*	307*	327*
	Rhode Island	272*	226	250	274*	297*	317*
2007	Nation (public)	280*	234	257*	281	305*	325*
	Northeast ²	285	239	262*	287	310*	330*
	Rhode Island	275	227	251	277	302	322*
2009	Nation (public)	282	235*	258*	283	307*	328*
	Northeast ²	288	240*	265*	290*	314	334*
	Rhode Island	278	232	255*	279	302	323
2011	Nation (public)	283	236*	259*	284*	308	329*
	Northeast ²	287	240*	263*	288	312	333*
	Rhode Island	283*	236*	260*	285*	308	328
2013	Nation (public)	284*	236*	260*	285*	309	330*
	Northeast ²	289*	241*	265*	291*	315	335
	Rhode Island	284*	236*	261*	286*	310*	330*
2015	Nation (public)	281	234	257*	282	307*	328*
	Northeast ²	286	235	260	287	313	335
	Rhode Island	281*	235*	259*	283*	306	326
2017	Nation (public)	282	232	255	282	309	332
	Northeast ²	287	235	259	287	315	338
	Rhode Island	277	227	251	279	305	326

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction in 2017.

various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

² Region in which jurisdiction is located. Regional data are not provided for years prior to 2003 to be consistent with the U.S. Census Bureau defined regions. NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP),

Overall Achievement-Level Results

Student results are reported as the percentages of students performing relative to performance standards set by the National Assessment Governing Board. These performance standards for what students should know and be able to do were based on the recommendations of broadly representative panels of educators and members of the public.

Tables 2-A and 2-B show the percentage of students at grades 4 and 8 who performed below *Basic*, at or above *Basic*, at or above *Proficient*, and at *Advanced*. Because the percentages are cumulative from *Basic* to *Proficient* to *Advanced*, they may sum to more than 100 percent. Only the percentage of students performing at or above *Basic* (which includes the students at *Proficient* and *Advanced*) plus the students below *Basic* will sum to 100 percent.

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Results

- In 2017, the percentage of Rhode Island's students who performed at or above *Proficient* was 39 percent. This was not significantly different from the percentage of the nation's public school students who performed at or above *Proficient* (40 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the percentages in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but was smaller than the percentages in 2011 and 2013.
- In 2017, the percentage of Rhode Island's students who performed at or above *Basic* was 79 percent. This was not significantly different from the percentage of the nation's public school students who performed at or above *Basic* (79 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students who performed at or above *Basic* in 2017 was greater than the percentages in 1992, 1996, 2000, and 2003, but was smaller than the percentages in 2011 and 2013.

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results

- In 2017, the percentage of Rhode Island's students who performed at or above *Proficient* was 30 percent. This was smaller than the percentage of the nation's public school students who performed at or above *Proficient* (33 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the percentages in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but was smaller than the percentages in 2011 and 2013.
- In 2017, the percentage of Rhode Island's students who performed at or above *Basic* was 66 percent. This was smaller than the percentage of the nation's public school students who performed at or above *Basic* (69 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students who performed at or above *Basic* in 2017 was greater than the percentages in 1990, 1992, 1996, and 2000, but was smaller than the percentages in 2011, 2013, and 2015.

Table 2-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students at or above NAEP mathematics achievement levels, by year and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017

Year and jurisdiction		Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above Proficient	At Advanced
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	43*	57*	17*	2*
	Rhode Island	46*	54*	13*	1*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	38*	62*	20*	2*
	Rhode Island	39*	61*	17*	1*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	33*	67*	25*	2*
	Rhode Island	33*	67*	23*	2*
2000	Nation (public)	36*	64*	22*	2*
	Rhode Island	35*	65*	22*	2*
2003	Nation (public)	24*	76*	31*	4*
	Northeast ²	20	80	36*	5*
	Rhode Island	28*	72*	28*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	21	79	35*	5*
	Northeast ²	16*	84*	41	6*
	Rhode Island	24	76	31*	4*
2007	Nation (public)	19*	81*	39	5*
	Northeast ²	13*	87*	47*	8*
	Rhode Island	20	80	34*	3*
2009	Nation (public)	19*	81*	38	6*
	Northeast ²	14*	86*	46*	8*
	Rhode Island	19	81	39	5
2011	Nation (public)	18*	82*	40	6*
	Northeast ²	15*	85*	46*	8
	Rhode Island	16*	84*	43*	7
2013	Nation (public)	18*	82*	41*	8
	Northeast ²	15*	85*	46*	9
	Rhode Island	17*	83*	42*	7
2015	Nation (public)	19*	81*	39	7*
	Northeast ²	17*	83*	43	8
	Rhode Island	20	80	37	6
2017	Nation (public)	21	79	40	8
	Northeast ²	19	81	43	9
	Rhode Island	21	79	39	7

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction in 2017.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

² Region in which jurisdiction is located. Regional data are not provided for years prior to 2003 to be consistent with the U.S. Census Bureau defined regions. NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Table 2-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students at or above NAEP mathematics achievement levels, by year and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017

Year and jurisdiction		Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	49*	51*	15*	2*
	Rhode Island	51*	49*	15*	2*
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	44*	56*	20*	3*
	Rhode Island	44*	56*	16*	1*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	39*	61*	23*	4*
	Rhode Island	40*	60*	20*	3*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	35*	65*	26*	5*
	Rhode Island	36	64	24*	4*
2000	Nation (public)	38*	62*	25*	5*
	Rhode Island	41*	59*	22*	4*
2003	Nation (public)	33*	67*	27*	5*
	Northeast ²	29	71	33*	6*
	Rhode Island	37	63	24*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	32	68	28*	6*
	Northeast ²	27	73	33*	7*
	Rhode Island	37	63	24*	3*
2007	Nation (public)	30	70	31*	7*
	Northeast ²	25*	75*	37*	9*
	Rhode Island	35	65	28	5
2009	Nation (public)	29*	71*	33	7*
	Northeast ²	22*	78*	40	11*
	Rhode Island	32	68	28	6
2011	Nation (public)	28*	72*	34	8*
	Northeast ²	24*	76*	39	10*
	Rhode Island	27*	73*	34*	7
2013	Nation (public)	27*	73*	34	8*
	Northeast ²	22*	78*	41*	11
	Rhode Island	26*	74*	36*	8*
2015	Nation (public)	30*	70*	32*	8*
	Northeast ²	26	74	38	11*
	Rhode Island	28*	72*	32	6
2017	Nation (public)	31	69	33	10
	Northeast ²	27	73	39	13
	Rhode Island	34	66	30	6

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction in 2017.

¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

² Region in which jurisdiction is located. Regional data are not provided for years prior to 2003 to be consistent with the U.S. Census Bureau defined regions.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

Comparisons Between Rhode Island, the Nation, and Participating States and Jurisdictions

All 50 states, the District of Columbia, Department of Defense Education Activity schools (DoDEA), and Puerto Rico participated in the 2017 mathematics assessment at grades 4 and 8. References to "jurisdictions" in the results statements may include states, the District of Columbia, and DoDEA schools.

Comparisons by Scale Scores

Figures 2-A and 2-B compare Rhode Island's 2017 overall mathematics scale scores at grades 4 and 8 with those of public schools in the nation and all other participating states and jurisdictions. The different shadings indicate whether the average score of the nation (public), a state, or a jurisdiction was found to be higher than, lower than, or not significantly different from that of Rhode Island in the NAEP 2017 mathematics assessment.

Grade 4 Scale Score Comparison Results

• The average score for students in Rhode Island was higher than 13 jurisdictions, not significantly different from 14 jurisdictions, and lower than 25 jurisdictions.

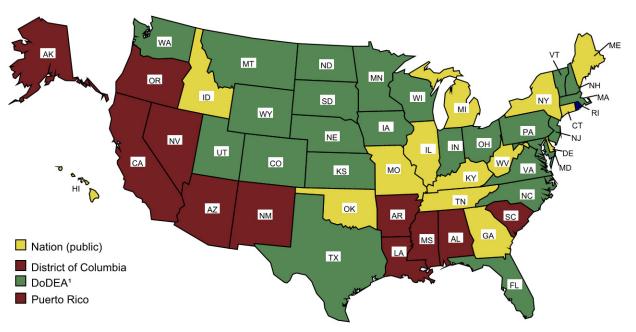
Grade 8 Scale Score Comparison Results

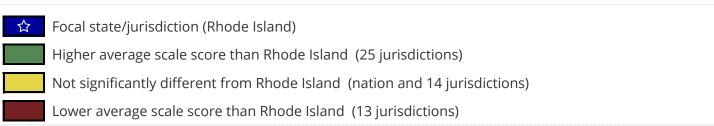
• The average score for students in Rhode Island was higher than 8 jurisdictions, not significantly different from 11 jurisdictions, and lower than 33 jurisdictions.

Figure 2-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Rhode Island's average scale score in NAEP mathematics for fourth-grade public school students compared with scores for the nation and other participating jurisdictions: 2017





Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

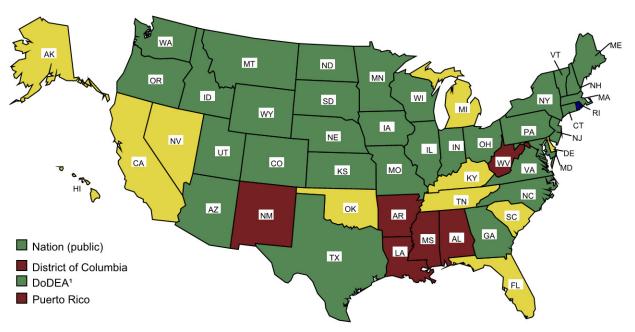
NOTE: Significance tests used a multiple-comparison procedure based on all jurisdictions that participated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Figure 2-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Rhode Island's average scale score in NAEP mathematics for eighth-grade public school students compared with scores for the nation and other participating jurisdictions: 2017





Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

NOTE: Significance tests used a multiple-comparison procedure based on all jurisdictions that participated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Comparisons by Achievement Levels

Figures 3-A and 3-B permit comparisons of all jurisdictions (and the nation) participating in the NAEP 2017 mathematics assessment in terms of percentages of grades 4 and 8 students performing at or above *Proficient*. The participating states and jurisdictions are grouped into categories that reflect whether the percentage of their students performing at or above *Proficient* (including *Advanced*) was found to be higher than, not significantly different from, or lower than the percentage in Rhode Island.

Note that the selected state is listed first in its category, and the other states and jurisdictions within each category are listed alphabetically; statistical comparisons among jurisdictions in each of the three categories are not included in this report. However, statistical comparisons among states by achievement level can be conducted online by using the NAEP Data Explorer at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/naepdata/.

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Comparison Results

- The percentage of students performing at or above the *Proficient* level in Rhode Island was greater than the percentage in 13 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 24 jurisdictions, and smaller than those in 15 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students performing at or above the *Basic* level in Rhode Island was greater than the percentage in 12 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 25 jurisdictions, and smaller than those in 15 jurisdictions (data not shown).

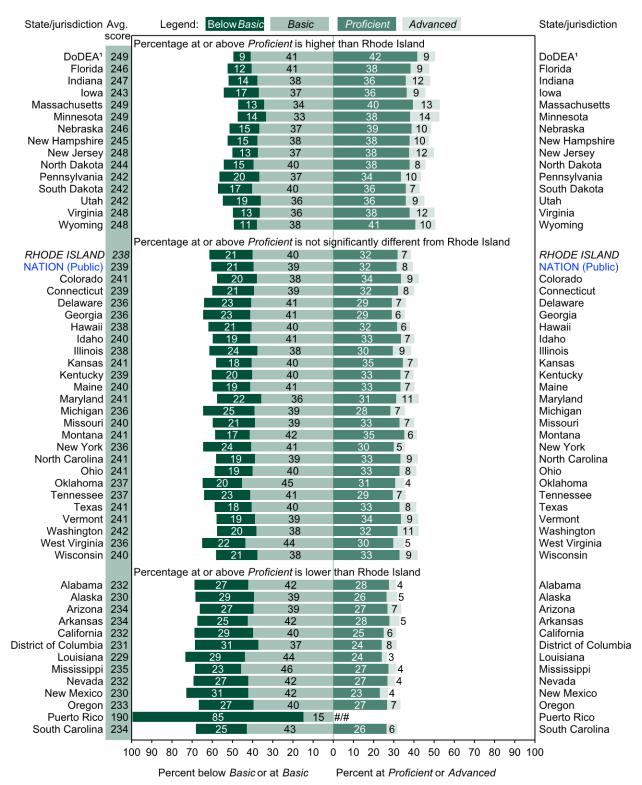
Grade 8 Achievement-Level Comparison Results

- The percentage of students performing at or above the *Proficient* level in Rhode Island was greater than the percentage in 10 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 17 jurisdictions, and smaller than those in 25 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students performing at or above the *Basic* level in Rhode Island was greater than the percentage in 9 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 15 jurisdictions, and smaller than those in 28 jurisdictions (data not shown).

Figure 3-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Average scale scores in NAEP mathematics for fourth-grade public school students, percentage within each achievement level, and Rhode Island's percentage at or above *Proficient* compared with the nation and other participating jurisdictions: 2017



[#] Rounds to zero.

Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

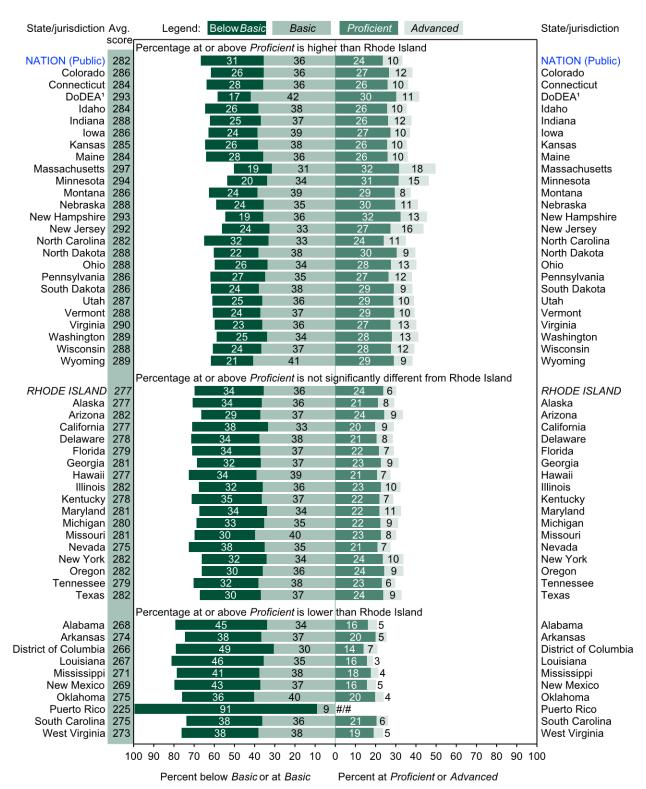
NOTE: The bars above contain percentages of students in each NAEP mathematics achievement level. Achievement levels corresponding to each population of students are aligned at the point where the *Proficent* category begins, so that they may be compared at *Proficent* and above. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers. The shaded bars are graphed using unrounded numbers. Significance tests used a multiple-comparison procedure based on all jurisdictions that participated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Figure 3-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Average scale scores in NAEP mathematics for eighth-grade public school students, percentage within each achievement level, and Rhode Island's percentage at or above *Proficient* compared with the nation and other participating jurisdictions: 2017



[#] Rounds to zero.

Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

NOTE: The bars above contain percentages of students in each NAEP mathematics achievement level. Achievement levels corresponding to each population of students are aligned at the point where the *Proficent* category begins, so that they may be compared at *Proficent* and above. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers. The shaded bars are graphed using unrounded numbers. Significance tests used a multiple-comparison procedure based on all jurisdictions that participated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Mathematics Performance of Selected Student Groups

This section of the report presents trend results for public school students in Rhode Island and the nation by demographic characteristics. Student performance data are reported for

- race/ethnicity
- gender
- student eligibility for the National School Lunch Program
- type of school location (for 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017)
- parents' highest level of education

NAEP collects information on race/ethnicity, gender, and student eligibility for the National School Lunch Program eligibility from school records. Type of school location is based on standard definitions established by the Federal Office of Management and Budget using population and geographic information from the U.S. Census Bureau. Schools are assigned to these categories in the NCES Common Core of Data based on their physical address. The parent's highest level of education for grade 8 is derived from student questionnaires.

Results for each of the student groups are reported in tables that include the percentage of students in each group in the first column, and the average scale score in the second column. The columns to the right show the percentage of students below *Basic* and at or above each achievement level.

Results by students' race/ethnicity and gender include statements about score point differences between student groups (e.g., between White and Black or White and Hispanic students, or between male and female students) in 2017 and in the first assessment year. Because these differences are calculated using unrounded values, they may differ slightly from what would be obtained by subtracting the rounded values that appear in the tables. Statements indicating a narrowing or widening of the gap in students' scores are only made if the change in the gap from the first assessment year to 2017 was found to be statistically significant.

The reader is cautioned against making simple causal inferences about group differences, as a complex mix of educational and socioeconomic factors may affect student performance. NAEP collects information on many additional variables, including school and home factors related to achievement. This information is in an interactive database available on the NAEP website http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/naepdata/.

Race/Ethnicity

Prior to 2011, student race/ethnicity was obtained from school records and reported for the six mutually exclusive categories shown below:

- White
- Black
- Hispanic
- Asian/Pacific Islander
- American Indian/Alaska Native
- Unclassified (not shown in tables)

Students who identified with more than one of the other five categories were classified as "Other" and were included as part of the "Unclassified" category along with students who had a background other than the ones listed or whose race/ethnicity could not be determined.

In compliance with new standards from the U.S. Office of Management and Budget for collecting and reporting data on race/ethnicity, additional information was collected in 2011 so that results could be reported separately for Asian students, Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander students, and students identifying with two or more races. Beginning in 2011, all of the students participating in NAEP were identified as one of the seven racial/ethnic categories listed below:

- White
- Black or African American
- Hispanic
- Asian
- American Indian/Alaska Native
- Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander
- Two or more races

As in earlier years, students identified as Hispanic were classified as Hispanic in 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 even if they were also identified with another racial/ethnic group. Students who identified with two or more of the other racial/ethnic groups (e.g., White and Black) would have been classified as "Other" and reported as part of the "Unclassified" category prior to 2011, and were classified as "Two or more races" in 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017.

When comparing the results for racial/ethnic groups prior to 2011, data for Asian and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander students are combined into a single Asian/Pacific Islander category.

Tables 3-A and 3-B show average scale scores and percentage of students by achievement level for public school students at grades 4 and 8 in Rhode Island and the nation, by race/ethnicity.

Grade 4 Scale Score Results by Race/Ethnicity

- In 2017, White students in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was higher than the average scores of Black and Hispanic students, but lower than the average score of Asian/Pacific Islander students.
- In 2017, the average scale score of White students in Rhode Island was higher than their respective scores in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but lower than their respective scores in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from their respective scores in 2009 and 2015.
- In 2017, the average scale scores of Black and Hispanic students in Rhode Island were higher than their respective scores in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but not significantly different from their respective scores in 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017, the average scale score of Asian/Pacific Islander students in Rhode Island was higher than their respective scores in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, and 2013, but not significantly different from their respective scores in 2009, 2011, and 2015.
- In 2017, Black students in Rhode Island had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 20 points. This performance gap was narrower than that of 1992 (30 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students in Rhode Island had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 21 points. This performance gap was narrower than that of 1992 (35 points).

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Results by Race/Ethnicity

- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of White students performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the corresponding percentages of Black and Hispanic students, but not significantly different from the percentage of Asian/Pacific Islander students.
- In 2017, the percentage of White students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017, the percentage of Black students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017, the percentage of Hispanic students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, and 2009, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017, the percentage of Asian/Pacific Islander students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1996, 2000, and 2003, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017

					Perc	ent	
Race/ethnicit jurisdiction	y, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
White							
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	72*	227*	32*	68*	22*	2*
	Rhode Island	82*	221*	38*	62*	16*	1*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	71*	230*	27*	73*	25*	3*
	Rhode Island	82*	225*	32*	68*	20*	1*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	67*	234*	22*	78*	32*	3*
	Rhode Island	75*	233*	22*	78*	29*	3*
2000	Nation (public)	62*	233*	24*	76*	30*	3*
	Rhode Island	75*	232*	24*	76*	28*	2*
2003	Nation (public)	58*	243*	13	87	42*	5*
	Rhode Island	70*	239*	17	83	37*	4*
2005	Nation (public)	57*	246*	11*	89*	47*	7*
	Rhode Island	73*	241*	14	86	37*	5*
2007	Nation (public)	55*	248	9*	91*	51	8*
	Rhode Island	70*	242*	14	86	41*	4*
2009	Nation (public)	54*	248	10*	90*	50	8*
	Rhode Island	68*	247	11	89	50	7
2011	Nation (public)	52*	249	9*	91*	52	9*
	Rhode Island	64*	249*	9*	91*	53	10
2013	Nation (public)	51*	250*	9*	91*	54*	10
	Rhode Island	63*	250*	9*	91*	53	10
2015	Nation (public)	49*	248	10*	90*	51	10
	Rhode Island	62*	246	12	88	48	8
2017	Nation (public)	47	248	12	88	51	11
	Rhode Island	57	245	15	85	48	9

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017—Continued

					Percent				
Race/ethnicity, y jurisdiction	ear, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced		
Black									
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	18*	192*	78*	22*	2*	#		
	Rhode Island	7	191*	78*	22*	2	#		
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	17	199*	70*	30*	4*	#		
	Rhode Island	5*	194*	74*	26*	3*	#		
20001	Nation (public)	17*	204*	64*	36*	5*	#		
	Rhode Island	8	200*	64*	36*	4*	#		
2000	Nation (public)	17	203*	65*	35*	4*	#*		
	Rhode Island	8	200*	67*	33*	3*	#		
2003	Nation (public)	17*	216*	46*	54*	10*	#*		
	Rhode Island	9	210*	55*	45*	7*	#		
2005	Nation (public)	17*	220*	40*	60*	13*	1*		
	Rhode Island	8	211*	54*	46*	9*	1		
2007	Nation (public)	17*	222	37	63	15*	1*		
	Rhode Island	8	219*	41	59	16	1		
2009	Nation (public)	16*	222	37	63	15*	1*		
	Rhode Island	10	221	37	63	15	#		
2011	Nation (public)	16	224	34*	66*	17	1*		
	Rhode Island	8	225	31	69	20	2		
2013	Nation (public)	16	224	34*	66*	18	1		
	Rhode Island	9	224	34	66	19	1		
2015	Nation (public)	15	224	35	65	19	1		
	Rhode Island	8	222	35	65	17	#		
2017	Nation (public)	15	223	37	63	19	2		
Con votes at and of tab	Rhode Island	9	225	31	69	20	1		

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017—Continued

					Percent				
Race/ethnicity, jurisdiction	year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced		
Hispanic									
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	7*	201*	68*	32*	5*	#		
	Rhode Island	7*	186*	85*	15*	1	#		
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	9*	204*	63*	37*	7*	#		
	Rhode Island	8*	191*	77*	23*	2*	#		
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	11*	209*	55*	45*	8*	#		
	Rhode Island	14*	194*	72*	28*	3*	#		
2000	Nation (public)	16*	207*	59*	41*	7*	#*		
	Rhode Island	14*	197*	71*	29*	3*	#		
2003	Nation (public)	19*	221*	38*	62*	15*	1*		
	Rhode Island	16*	207*	58*	42*	6*	#		
2005	Nation (public)	20*	225*	33*	67*	19*	1*		
	Rhode Island	16*	211*	52*	48*	9*	#		
2007	Nation (public)	21*	227*	31	69	22*	1*		
	Rhode Island	19*	220*	38	62	15*	#		
2009	Nation (public)	22*	227*	30	70	21*	1*		
	Rhode Island	18*	219	41	59	14*	1		
2011	Nation (public)	24*	229	28	72	24	2*		
	Rhode Island	22*	224	33	67	21	1		
2013	Nation (public)	25*	230	27*	73*	26	2		
	Rhode Island	23*	226	32	68	23	2		
2015	Nation (public)	26*	230	27	73	26	3		
	Rhode Island	22*	223	34	66	18	1		
2017	Nation (public)	27	229	30	70	26	3		
Connected at and of tal	Rhode Island	26	224	34	66	22	2		

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017—Continued

					Percent			
Race/ethnicity, jurisdiction	year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Asian/Pacific Is	lander							
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	3*	231*	26*	74*	27*	4*	
	Rhode Island	4	185*	84*	16*	1	#	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	3*	225*	35*	65*	20*	5*	
	Rhode Island	4	206*	61*	39*	11*	3*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	Rhode Island	3	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2000	Nation (public)	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	Rhode Island	3	217*	48*	52*	18*	2	
2003	Nation (public)	4*	246*	13*	87*	48*	10*	
	Rhode Island	4	225*	37*	63*	22*	4*	
2005	Nation (public)	4*	251*	11	89	54*	14*	
	Rhode Island	2	240*	17	83	39	7*	
2007	Nation (public)	5*	254*	9	91	59*	16*	
	Rhode Island	3	244*	12	88	41	8*	
2009	Nation (public)	5	255	9	91	61	18*	
	Rhode Island	3	242	14	86	40	10	
2011	Nation (public)	5	256	9	91	62	20	
	Rhode Island	3	251	8	92	49	13	
2013	Nation (public)	5	258	9	91	64	23	
	Rhode Island	3	239*	18	82	37	7	
2015	Nation (public)	5	256	10	90	61	22	
	Rhode Island	3	238	22	78	42	10	
2017	Nation (public)	6	258	10	90	64	24	
Con notes at and of to	Rhode Island	3	255	9	91	57	23	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017—Continued

	_				Perc	ent	
Race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
American Indi	American Indian/Alaska Native						
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2000	Nation (public)	1	207*	61*	39*	8*	#
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2003	Nation (public)	1*	224*	35	65	18*	1
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2005	Nation (public)	1*	227	31	69	22	2
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2007	Nation (public)	1*	229	28	72	26	3
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2009	Nation (public)	1*	227	32	68	23	2
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2011	Nation (public)	1	227	32	68	24	2
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2013	Nation (public)	1	228	30	70	24	2
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2015	Nation (public)	1	228	30	70	24	2
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2017	Nation (public)	1	228	31	69	25	3
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Black includes African American, Hispanic includes Latino, and Pacific Islander includes Native Hawaiian. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results by Race/Ethnicity

- In 2017, White students in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was higher than the average scores of Black and Hispanic students.
- In 2017, Black students in Rhode Island had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 26 points. This performance gap was narrower than that of 1990 (37 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students in Rhode Island had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 30 points. This performance gap was narrower than that of 1990 (38 points).

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results by Race/Ethnicity

- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of White students performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the corresponding percentages of Black and Hispanic students.
- In 2017, the percentage of White students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but smaller than the percentage in 2013, and not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2007, 2009, 2011, and 2015.
- In 2017, the percentage of Black students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1990, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 1996, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017, the percentage of Hispanic students in Rhode Island performing at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentages of their respective peers in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but not significantly different from the percentages of their respective peers in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017

				Percent				
Race/ethnicity, jurisdiction	year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
White								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	73*	269*	41*	59*	18*	3*	
	Rhode Island	86*	265*	46*	54*	16*	2*	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	72*	276*	34*	66*	25*	3*	
	Rhode Island	85*	271*	38*	62*	18*	2*	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	70*	280*	28*	72*	29*	5*	
	Rhode Island	82*	275*	34*	66*	23*	3*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	69*	284*	24*	76*	33*	6*	
	Rhode Island	81*	279*	29*	71*	28*	5*	
2000	Nation (public)	63*	283*	25*	75*	33*	6*	
	Rhode Island	79*	275*	33*	67*	26*	4*	
2003	Nation (public)	62*	287*	21	79	36*	7*	
	Rhode Island	76*	280*	28*	72*	29*	4*	
2005	Nation (public)	60*	288*	21	79	37*	7*	
	Rhode Island	73*	281*	27	73	30*	4*	
2007	Nation (public)	58*	290*	19*	81*	41*	9*	
	Rhode Island	70*	284	25	75	35	6	
2009	Nation (public)	56*	292	18*	82*	43	10*	
	Rhode Island	71*	286	23	77	35	7	
2011	Nation (public)	54*	293	17*	83*	43	10*	
	Rhode Island	68*	292*	18*	82*	42	10	
2013	Nation (public)	53*	293	17*	83*	44	11*	
	Rhode Island	65*	294*	16*	84*	45*	11	
2015	Nation (public)	51	291	19	81	42	10*	
	Rhode Island	62	290*	19*	81*	41	9	
2017	Nation (public)	50	292	20	80	43	13	
Coo notes at and of tab	Rhode Island	61	287	23	77	39	8	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

	_			Percent				
Race/ethnicity, y jurisdiction	ear, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Black								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	16*	236*	79*	21*	5*	#	
	Rhode Island	5*	228*	86*	14*	2*	#	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	17*	236*	81*	19*	2*	#	
	Rhode Island	6*	240*	72*	28*	2	#	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	16*	241*	74*	26*	4*	#	
	Rhode Island	5*	237*	78*	22*	6	#	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	14	245*	70*	30*	5*	#*	
	Rhode Island	6*	244*	73*	27*	6*	1	
2000	Nation (public)	17*	243*	70*	30*	5*	#*	
	Rhode Island	7	240*	77*	23*	4*	1	
2003	Nation (public)	17*	252*	61*	39*	7*	#*	
	Rhode Island	7	244*	71*	29*	5*	#	
2005	Nation (public)	17*	254*	59*	41*	8*	1*	
	Rhode Island	8	249*	66*	34*	5*	#	
2007	Nation (public)	17*	259	53	47	11*	1*	
	Rhode Island	9	250*	61	39	9	#	
2009	Nation (public)	16*	260	51*	49*	12	1*	
	Rhode Island	9	256	55	45	8	1	
2011	Nation (public)	16*	262*	50*	50*	13	1	
	Rhode Island	7*	256	52	48	12	1	
2013	Nation (public)	15	263*	49*	51*	14	2	
	Rhode Island	8	263	48	52	15	1	
2015	Nation (public)	15	260	53	47	12	1	
	Rhode Island	8	258	52	48	14	2	
2017	Nation (public)	15	260	54	46	13	2	
Coo notes at and of table	Rhode Island	9	261	51	49	15	2	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Race/ethnicity, jurisdiction	year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above Proficient	At Advanced	
Hispanic								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	7*	245*	67*	33*	7*	1*	
	Rhode Island	5*	227*	87*	13*	1*	#	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	8*	247*	67*	33*	6*	#*	
	Rhode Island	6*	227*	85*	15*	2*	#	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	9*	250*	62*	38*	8*	1	
	Rhode Island	8*	238*	74*	26*	3*	#	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	11*	252*	60*	40*	8*	#*	
	Rhode Island	9*	245*	70*	30*	3*	#	
2000	Nation (public)	14*	252*	60*	40*	8*	#*	
	Rhode Island	10*	240*	74*	26*	3*	#	
2003	Nation (public)	15*	258*	53*	47*	11*	1*	
	Rhode Island	13*	245*	71*	29*	5*	#	
2005	Nation (public)	17*	261*	50*	50*	13*	1*	
	Rhode Island	15*	244*	71*	29*	4*	#	
2007	Nation (public)	19*	264*	46	54	15*	2*	
	Rhode Island	17*	251	61	39	7	1	
2009	Nation (public)	21*	266*	44	56	17*	2*	
	Rhode Island	17*	255	57	43	8	1	
2011	Nation (public)	23*	269	40*	60*	20	3*	
	Rhode Island	19*	261	49	51	13	2	
2013	Nation (public)	23*	271*	38*	62*	21	3	
	Rhode Island	20*	263*	45*	55*	15	1	
2015	Nation (public)	25	269	40	60	19	3	
	Rhode Island	23	265*	44*	56*	13	1	
2017	Nation (public)	25	268	43	57	20	3	
Coo notes at and of tak	Rhode Island	23	257	56	44	12	2	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction				Percent			
		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above Proficient	At Advanced
Asian/Pacific Islander							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	2*	275*	36*	64*	30*	6*
	Rhode Island	2	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	2*	290*	25	75	43	14*
	Rhode Island	3	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
	Rhode Island	3	263	48	52	16	1
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	4*	286*	27*	73*	40*	12*
	Rhode Island	4	272	36	64	20	3
2000	Nation (public)	4*	287*	27*	73*	40*	12*
	Rhode Island	3	267	46	54	20	6
2003	Nation (public)	4*	289*	23*	77*	42*	12*
	Rhode Island	3	265	46	54	20	2
2005	Nation (public)	5*	294*	19*	81*	46*	16*
	Rhode Island	3	278	26	74	26	7
2007	Nation (public)	5*	296*	18*	82*	49*	17*
	Rhode Island	4	282	29	71	31	8
2009	Nation (public)	5*	300*	16	84	53*	20*
	Rhode Island	3	292	15	85	40	10
2011	Nation (public)	6	302*	15	85	55*	22*
	Rhode Island	3	287	23	77	41	7
2013	Nation (public)	5*	306	13	87	60	25
	Rhode Island	3	283	30	70	34	12
2015	Nation (public)	6	305	14	86	58	25
	Rhode Island	3	299	14	86	49	17
2017	Nation (public)	6	310	14	86	62	30
	Rhode Island	3	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

Table 3-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent		
Race/ethnicity jurisdiction	, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
American India	an/Alaska Native							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	Rhode Island	#*	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	1	264	47	53	14	2	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2000	Nation (public)	1	263	47	53	13	3	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2003	Nation (public)	1*	265	46	54	16	2	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2005	Nation (public)	1*	266	45	55	14*	2	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2007	Nation (public)	1*	265	44	56	17	2	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2009	Nation (public)	1*	267	43	57	20	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2011	Nation (public)	1	266	45	55	17	4	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	1*	270	40	60	21	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	1	267	43	57	19	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	1	268	43	57	19	4	
# Dounds to zoro	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	

[#] Rounds to zero.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Black includes African American, Hispanic includes Latino, and Pacific Islander includes Native Hawaiian. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

NAEP 2017 Mathematics Report for Rhode Island

Tables 4-A and 4-B show average scale scores and percentage of students by achievement-level data for the seven racial/ethnic categories used in 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017: White, Black, Hispanic, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, and Two or more races at grades 4 and 8 in Rhode Island and the nation.

Table 4-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2011–2017

				Percent			
Race/ethnicity jurisdiction	Race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above Proficient	At Advanced
White							
2011	Nation (public)	52*	249	9*	91*	52	9*
	Rhode Island	64*	249*	9*	91*	53	10
2013	Nation (public)	51*	250*	9*	91*	54*	10
	Rhode Island	63*	250*	9*	91*	53	10
2015	Nation (public)	49*	248	10*	90*	51	10
	Rhode Island	62*	246	12	88	48	8
2017	Nation (public)	47	248	12	88	51	11
	Rhode Island	57	245	15	85	48	9
Black							
2011	Nation (public)	16	224	34	66	17	1*
	Rhode Island	8	225	31	69	20	2
2013	Nation (public)	16	224	34*	66*	18	1
	Rhode Island	9	224	34	66	19	1
2015	Nation (public)	15	224	35	65	19	1
	Rhode Island	8	222	35	65	17	#
2017	Nation (public)	15	223	37	63	19	2
	Rhode Island	9	225	31	69	20	1
Hispanic							
2011	Nation (public)	24*	229	28	72	24	2*
	Rhode Island	22*	224	33	67	21	1
2013	Nation (public)	25*	230	27*	73*	26	2
	Rhode Island	23	226	32	68	23	2
2015	Nation (public)	26	230	27	73	26	3
	Rhode Island	22*	223	34	66	18	1
2017	Nation (public)	27	229	30	70	26	3
	Rhode Island	26	224	34	66	22	2
Asian							
2011	Nation (public)	5	257	8	92	64	21
	Rhode Island	3	251	8	92	50	13
2013	Nation (public)	5	260	7	93	67	24
	Rhode Island	3	240*	17	83	39	8*
2015	Nation (public)	5	259	8	92	64	23
	Rhode Island	3	239*	21	79	43	10
2017	Nation (public)	5	260	8	92	67	26
	Rhode Island	3	256	9	91	58	24

Table 4-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2011–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent		
Race/ethnicity, jurisdiction	year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
American India	n/Alaska Native							
2011	Nation (public)	1	227	32	68	24	2	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	1	228	30	70	24	2	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	1	228	30	70	24	2	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	1	228	31	69	25	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
Native Hawaiia Islander	n/Other Pacific							
2011	Nation (public)	#	235	24	76	33	7	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	#	235	23	77	32	4	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	#	226	35	65	24	3	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	#	228	30	70	27	4	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
Two or More Ra	aces							
2011	Nation (public)	2*	244	15	85	43	9	
	Rhode Island	3*	238	20	80	43	6	
2013	Nation (public)	3*	244	14	86	45	9	
	Rhode Island	2*	237	23	77	37	7	
2015	Nation (public)	3*	244	15	85	44	9	
	Rhode Island	4*	231	27	73	26	5	
2017	Nation (public)	4	244	16	84	44	10	
	Rhode Island	5	238	20	80	39	6	

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 2011–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Table 4-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2011–2017

					Perc	ent	
Race/ethnicity jurisdiction	y, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above Proficient	At Advanced
White							
2011	Nation (public)	54*	293	17*	83*	43	10*
	Rhode Island	68*	292*	18*	82*	42	10
2013	Nation (public)	53*	293	17*	83*	44	11*
	Rhode Island	65*	294*	16*	84*	45*	11
2015	Nation (public)	51	291	19	81	42	10*
	Rhode Island	62	290*	19*	81*	41	9
2017	Nation (public)	50	292	20	80	43	13
	Rhode Island	61	287	23	77	39	8
Black							
2011	Nation (public)	16*	262*	50*	50*	13	1
	Rhode Island	7*	256	52	48	12	1
2013	Nation (public)	15	263*	49*	51*	14	2
	Rhode Island	8	263	48	52	15	1
2015	Nation (public)	15	260	53	47	12	1
	Rhode Island	8	258	52	48	14	2
2017	Nation (public)	15	260	54	46	13	2
	Rhode Island	9	261	51	49	15	2
Hispanic							
2011	Nation (public)	23*	269	40*	60*	20	3*
	Rhode Island	19*	261	49	51	13	2
2013	Nation (public)	23*	271*	38*	62*	21	3
	Rhode Island	20*	263*	45*	55*	15	1
2015	Nation (public)	25	269	40	60	19	3
	Rhode Island	23	265*	44*	56*	13	1
2017	Nation (public)	25	268	43	57	20	3
	Rhode Island	23	257	56	44	12	2
Asian							
2011	Nation (public)	5	305*	12	88	58*	24*
	Rhode Island	3	287	22	78	42	7
2013	Nation (public)	5*	308	12	88	62	27
	Rhode Island	3	285	29	71	37	14
2015	Nation (public)	5	307	12	88	60	26
	Rhode Island	3	300	14	86	50	18
2017	Nation (public)	5	312	12	88	65	32
	Rhode Island	3	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

Table 4-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by race/ethnicity, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2011–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent		
Race/ethnicity jurisdiction	, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
American India	an/Alaska Native							
2011	Nation (public)	1	266	45	55	17	4	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	1*	270	40	60	21	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	1	267	43	57	19	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	1	268	43	57	19	4	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
	an/Other Pacific							
Islander								
2011	Nation (public)	#	265	45	55	19	3	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	#	274	34	66	24	4	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	#	277	35	65	30	6	
–	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	#	272	38	62	23	5	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
Two or More R		. de						
2011	Nation (public)	2*	286	24	76	37	10	
	Rhode Island	2	286	18*	82*	30	6	
2013	Nation (public)	2*	286	24	76	37	10	
	Rhode Island	2*	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	2*	283	28	72	35	9*	
	Rhode Island	3	274	33	67	21	3	
2017	Nation (public)	3	285	28	72	36	12	
	Rhode Island	3	273	43	57	28	5	

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 2011–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Gender

Information on student gender is reported by the student's school when rosters of the students eligible to be assessed are submitted to NAEP.

Tables 5-A and 5-B show average scale scores and percentage of students by achievement-level data for public school students at grades 4 and 8 in Rhode Island and the nation, by gender.

Grade 4 Scale Score Results by Gender

- In 2017, male students in Rhode Island had an average score in mathematics (238) that was not significantly different from that of female students (237). In 1992, male students in Rhode Island had an average score in mathematics (216) that was not significantly different from that of female students (215).
- In 2017, male students in Rhode Island had an average scale score in mathematics (238) that was lower than that of male students in public schools across the nation (240). However, female students in Rhode Island had an average scale score (237) that was not significantly different from that of female students across the nation (238).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score of male students in 2017 was higher than the scores of male students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than the scores of male students in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from the scores of male students in 2007, 2009, and 2015.
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score of female students in 2017 was higher than the scores of female students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than the scores of female students in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from the scores of female students in 2007, 2009, and 2015.

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Results by Gender

- In the 2017 assessment, 40 percent of male students and 37 percent of female students performed at or above *Proficient* in Rhode Island. The difference between these percentages was not statistically significant.
- The percentage of male students in Rhode Island's public schools who were at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (40 percent) was not significantly different from that of male students in the nation (41 percent).
- The percentage of female students in Rhode Island's public schools who were at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (37 percent) was not significantly different from that of female students in the nation (38 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of male students performing at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages of students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but not significantly different from the corresponding percentages of students in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of female students performing at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages of students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but not significantly different from the corresponding percentages of students in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.

Table 5-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by gender, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017

					Perc	ent		
Gender, year, ar	nd jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Male								
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	50	220*	41*	59*	19*	2*	
	Rhode Island	51	216*	45*	55*	15*	2*	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	51	224*	37*	63*	22*	3*	
	Rhode Island	52	223*	37*	63*	20*	2*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	51	227*	32*	68*	27*	3*	
	Rhode Island	50	225*	33*	67*	26*	3*	
2000	Nation (public)	51	225*	35*	65*	25*	3*	
	Rhode Island	51	225*	34*	66*	25*	2*	
2003	Nation (public)	51	235*	23*	77*	34*	5*	
	Rhode Island	50	231*	27*	73*	29*	3*	
2005	Nation (public)	51	238*	20	80	37*	6*	
	Rhode Island	51	234*	24	76	32*	4*	
2007	Nation (public)	51*	240	18*	82*	41	7*	
	Rhode Island	51	236	20	80	36	4*	
2009	Nation (public)	51	240	19*	81*	40	7*	
	Rhode Island	52	240	18*	82*	43	6	
2011	Nation (public)	51	241	18*	82*	41	7*	
	Rhode Island	52	242*	17*	83*	43	8	
2013	Nation (public)	51	242*	18*	82*	42	8	
	Rhode Island	51	242*	17*	83*	44	8	
2015	Nation (public)	51	241	19*	81*	41	8	
	Rhode Island	51	238	21	79	39	7	
2017	Nation (public)	51	240	21	79	41	9	
Con notes at and of tab	Rhode Island	50	238	22	78	40	8	

Table 5-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by gender, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1992–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent	
Gender, year,	and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Female							
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	50	218*	44*	56*	16*	1*
	Rhode Island	49	215*	47*	53*	12*	1
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	49	221*	39*	61*	17*	1*
	Rhode Island	48	218*	41*	59*	14*	1*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	49	225*	34*	66*	22*	2*
	Rhode Island	50	224*	33*	67*	20*	2*
2000	Nation (public)	49	223*	38*	62*	20*	1*
	Rhode Island	49	223*	35*	65*	19*	1*
2003	Nation (public)	49	233*	25*	75*	29*	3*
	Rhode Island	50	229*	30*	70*	27*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	49	236*	21	79	33*	4*
	Rhode Island	49	233*	23	77	29*	3*
2007	Nation (public)	49*	238	19*	81*	36	4*
	Rhode Island	49	235	21	79	32	3
2009	Nation (public)	49	238	19*	81*	37	5*
	Rhode Island	48	237	21	79	36	4
2011	Nation (public)	49	239*	18*	82*	39	6*
	Rhode Island	48	242*	15*	85*	42	6
2013	Nation (public)	49	241*	18*	82*	40*	7
	Rhode Island	49	241*	17	83	41	6
2015	Nation (public)	49	239	19*	81*	38	6
	Rhode Island	49	238	19	81	36	5
2017	Nation (public)	49	238	21	79	38	7
	Rhode Island	50	237	21	79	37	6

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

 $^{^{1}\,\}mbox{Accommodations}$ were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results by Gender

- In 2017, male students in Rhode Island had an average score in mathematics (278) that was not significantly different from that of female students (277). In 1990, male students in Rhode Island had an average score in mathematics (262) that was higher than that of female students (259).
- In 2017, male students in Rhode Island had an average scale score in mathematics (278) that was lower than that of male students in public schools across the nation (282). Similarly, female students in Rhode Island had an average scale score (277) that was lower than that of female students across the nation (282).
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score of male students in 2017 was higher than the scores of male students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than the scores of male students in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from the scores of male students in 2007, 2009, and 2015.
- In Rhode Island, the average scale score of female students in 2017 was higher than the scores of female students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than the scores of female students in 2011, 2013, and 2015, and not significantly different from the scores of female students in 2007 and 2009.

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results by Gender

- In the 2017 assessment, 31 percent of male students and 30 percent of female students performed at or above *Proficient* in Rhode Island. The difference between these percentages was not statistically significant.
- The percentage of male students in Rhode Island's public schools who were at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (31 percent) was not significantly different from that of male students in the nation (34 percent).
- The percentage of female students in Rhode Island's public schools who were at or above *Proficient* in 2017 (30 percent) was not significantly different from that of female students in the nation (33 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of male students performing at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages of students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but smaller than the percentage of students in 2013, and not significantly different from the corresponding percentages of students in 2007, 2009, 2011, and 2015.
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of female students performing at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages of students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but smaller than the percentage of students in 2013, and not significantly different from the corresponding percentages of students in 2007, 2009, 2011, and 2015.

Table 5-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by gender, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017

					Perce	ent	
Gender, year,	Gender, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Male							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	51	262*	49*	51*	17*	2*
	Rhode Island	50	262*	50*	50*	16*	2*
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	52	266*	45*	55*	20*	3*
	Rhode Island	50	266*	44*	56*	17*	1*
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	52	270*	40*	60*	24*	4*
	Rhode Island	49	271*	38	62	22*	3*
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	50	276*	34*	66*	29*	6*
	Rhode Island	51	274	35	65	24*	4*
2000	Nation (public)	50	273*	38*	62*	26*	5*
	Rhode Island	52	268*	41*	59*	21*	4*
2003	Nation (public)	50	277*	33	67	29*	6*
	Rhode Island	52	273*	37	63	26*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	51	278*	32	68	30*	6*
	Rhode Island	51	272*	37	63	24*	4*
2007	Nation (public)	51*	281*	29*	71*	33	8*
	Rhode Island	52	276	34	66	29	6
2009	Nation (public)	51*	283	28*	72*	34	8*
	Rhode Island	51	278	32	68	29	6
2011	Nation (public)	51	283	28*	72*	34	9*
	Rhode Island	52	283*	27*	73*	35	8
2013	Nation (public)	51	284*	27*	73*	35	9*
	Rhode Island	51	284*	26*	74*	37*	9
2015	Nation (public)	51	281	30	70	32*	8*
	Rhode Island	51	280	30*	70*	31	6
2017	Nation (public)	51	282	31	69	34	11
	Rhode Island	51	278	35	65	31	8

Table 5-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by gender, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Gender, year,	and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Female								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	49	261*	49*	51*	14*	2*	
	Rhode Island	50	259*	52*	48*	13*	1*	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	48	267*	44*	56*	20*	3*	
	Rhode Island	50	266*	43*	57*	15*	1*	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	48	271*	39*	61*	21*	3*	
	Rhode Island	51	267*	42*	58*	19*	2*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	50	273*	36*	64*	24*	4*	
	Rhode Island	49	273	37	63	23*	4	
2000	Nation (public)	50	271*	38*	62*	23*	4*	
	Rhode Island	48	270*	40*	60*	22*	4	
2003	Nation (public)	50	275*	34*	66*	26*	4*	
	Rhode Island	48	271*	38	62	22*	3*	
2005	Nation (public)	49	277*	33*	67*	27*	5*	
	Rhode Island	49	273*	36	64	23*	3	
2007	Nation (public)	49*	279*	30	70	29*	6*	
	Rhode Island	48	275	35	65	27	4	
2009	Nation (public)	49*	281	29*	71*	31*	7*	
	Rhode Island	49	278	31	69	26	5	
2011	Nation (public)	49	282	28*	72*	33	7*	
	Rhode Island	48	283*	26*	74*	33	6	
2013	Nation (public)	49	283*	27*	73*	34	7*	
	Rhode Island	49	284*	26*	74*	35*	8	
2015	Nation (public)	49	281	29	71	32	7*	
	Rhode Island	49	283*	25*	75*	33	6	
2017	Nation (public)	49	282	31	69	33	9	
	Rhode Island	49	277	34	66	30	5	

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

Student Eligibility for the National School Lunch Program

NAEP collects data on eligibility for the federal program providing free or reduced-price school lunches. The free/reduced-price lunch component of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) offered through the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) is designed to ensure that children near or below the poverty line receive nourishing meals. Eligibility is determined through the USDA's Income Eligibility Guidelines, and data for this category of students are included as an indicator of lower family income. NAEP first collected information on participation in this program in 1996; therefore, cross-year comparisons to assessments prior to 1996 cannot be made.

Tables 6-A and 6-B show average scale scores and percentage of students by achievement-level data for public school students at grades 4 and 8 in Rhode Island and the nation, by student eligibility for the NSLP.

Grade 4 Scale Score Results by Free/Reduced-Price School Lunch Eligibility

- In 2017, students in Rhode Island eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average mathematics scale score of 225. This was lower than that of students in Rhode Island not eligible for this program (250).
- In 2017, students in Rhode Island who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible by 25 points. In 1996, the average score for students in Rhode Island who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 25 points.
- Students in Rhode Island eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average scale score (225) in 2017 that was lower than that of students in the nation who were eligible (228).
- In Rhode Island, students eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average mathematics scale score in 2017 that was higher than that of eligible students in 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than that of eligible students in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from that of eligible students in 2007, 2009, and 2015.

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Results by Free/Reduced-Price School Lunch Eligibility

- In Rhode Island, 23 percent of students who were eligible for free/reduced-price lunch and 55 percent of those who were not eligible for this program performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017. These percentages were significantly different from one another.
- For students in Rhode Island in 2017 who were eligible for free/reduced-price lunch, the percentage at or above *Proficient* (23 percent) was not significantly different from the corresponding percentage for their counterparts around the nation (25 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students eligible for free/reduced-price lunch who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, and 2009, but not significantly different from the corresponding percentages in 2011, 2013, and 2015.

Table 6-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017

				Percent				
Eligibility stat jurisdiction	Eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Eligible								
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	34*	207*	59*	41*	8*	#*	
	Rhode Island	34*	204*	60*	40*	5*	#	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	35*	210*	54*	46*	9*	#*	
	Rhode Island	35*	206*	56*	44*	7*	1	
2000	Nation (public)	40*	208*	57*	43*	7*	#*	
	Rhode Island	35*	207*	57*	43*	7*	#*	
2003	Nation (public)	44*	222*	38*	62*	15*	1*	
	Rhode Island	40*	217*	45*	55*	13*	1	
2005	Nation (public)	46*	225*	33*	67*	19*	1*	
	Rhode Island	38*	218*	43*	57*	13*	1	
2007	Nation (public)	46*	227	30	70	22*	1*	
	Rhode Island	40*	222	35	65	18*	1*	
2009	Nation (public)	48*	228	29	71	22*	1*	
	Rhode Island	41*	224	34	66	18*	1	
2011	Nation (public)	52*	229*	27*	73*	24	2*	
	Rhode Island	46*	229*	26*	74*	26	2	
2013	Nation (public)	54	230*	27*	73*	26	2	
	Rhode Island	49	229*	28	72	25	2	
2015	Nation (public)	55	229*	28*	72*	24	2*	
	Rhode Island	47*	226	32	68	21	2	
2017	Nation (public)	54	228	31	69	25	3	
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	50	225	33	67	23	2	

Table 6-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Eligibility status jurisdiction	Eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Not eligible								
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	52*	231*	27*	73*	25*	3*	
	Rhode Island	65*	229*	28*	72*	24*	2*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	52*	236*	21*	79*	33*	4*	
	Rhode Island	60*	236*	18*	82*	33*	3*	
2000	Nation (public)	49	235*	23*	77*	32*	4*	
	Rhode Island	59*	236*	19*	81*	32*	3*	
2003	Nation (public)	52*	244*	12*	88*	45*	6*	
	Rhode Island	52	242*	14*	86*	41*	5*	
2005	Nation (public)	52*	248*	10	90	50*	8*	
	Rhode Island	62*	243*	12	88	41*	5*	
2007	Nation (public)	53*	249*	9	91	53*	9*	
	Rhode Island	60*	245*	11	89	45*	5*	
2009	Nation (public)	51*	250*	9	91	54*	10*	
	Rhode Island	59*	249	9	91	54	8	
2011	Nation (public)	47*	252	8*	92*	57	12*	
	Rhode Island	54*	252	8	92	57	11	
2013	Nation (public)	46	254*	7*	93*	60*	14	
	Rhode Island	51	253*	7	93	60	12	
2015	Nation (public)	44	253	8*	92*	58	13	
	Rhode Island	53*	249	9	91	52	9	
2017	Nation (public)	45	253	9	91	57	14	
Con potential and of tak	Rhode Island	49	250	10	90	55	12	

Table 6-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent		
Eligibility state jurisdiction	Eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Information n	Information not available							
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	13*	230	28	72	28	3	
	Rhode Island	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	13*	235	23	77	35	3*	
	Rhode Island	4	219	43	57	16	1	
2000	Nation (public)	11*	236	22	78	35	4	
	Rhode Island	5	212	51	49	13	1	
2003	Nation (public)	4*	235	23	77	34	4	
	Rhode Island	8	220	41	59	19	2	
2005	Nation (public)	2*	237	21	79	36	5	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2007	Nation (public)	1	243	17	83	44	8	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2009	Nation (public)	1	240	22	78	42	7	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2011	Nation (public)	#*	247	12*	88*	49	10	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	1*	255*	9*	91*	60*	18	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	1	246*	15*	85*	49*	11	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	1	238	22	78	38	8	
# Douglate Toro	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	

[#] Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1996–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results by Free/Reduced-Price School Lunch Eligibility

- In 2017, students in Rhode Island eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average mathematics scale score of 260. This was lower than that of students in Rhode Island not eligible for this program (293).
- In 2017, students in Rhode Island who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible by 33 points. This performance gap was wider than that of 1996 (27 points).
- Students in Rhode Island eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average scale score (260) in 2017 that was lower than that of students in the nation who were eligible (267).
- In Rhode Island, students eligible for free/reduced-price lunch had an average mathematics scale score in 2017 that was higher than that of eligible students in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but lower than that of eligible students in 2011, 2013, and 2015, and not significantly different from that of eligible students in 2009.

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results by Free/Reduced-Price School Lunch Eligibility

- In Rhode Island, 14 percent of students who were eligible for free/reduced-price lunch and 45 percent of those who were not eligible for this program performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017. These percentages were significantly different from one another.
- For students in Rhode Island in 2017 who were eligible for free/reduced-price lunch, the percentage at or above *Proficient* (14 percent) was smaller than the corresponding percentage for their counterparts around the nation (18 percent).
- In Rhode Island, the percentage of students eligible for free/reduced-price lunch who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than the corresponding percentages in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007, but not significantly different from the corresponding percentages in 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.

Table 6-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017

				Percent				
Eligibility state jurisdiction	us, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Eligible								
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	30*	252*	61*	39*	8*	1*	
	Rhode Island	26*	250*	62*	38*	8*	#	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	28*	255*	56*	44*	10*	1*	
	Rhode Island	28*	252*	61*	39*	7*	1	
2000	Nation (public)	31*	253*	59*	41*	10*	1*	
	Rhode Island	31*	247*	66*	34*	6*	1	
2003	Nation (public)	36*	258*	53*	47*	11*	1*	
	Rhode Island	29*	253*	59*	41*	8*	1	
2005	Nation (public)	39*	261*	49*	51*	13*	1*	
	Rhode Island	31*	252*	61*	39*	7*	1	
2007	Nation (public)	41*	265*	45	55	15*	2*	
	Rhode Island	33*	257*	55	45	10*	1	
2009	Nation (public)	43*	266	43	57	17*	2*	
	Rhode Island	38*	261	49	51	12	2	
2011	Nation (public)	48*	269*	41*	59*	19	2*	
	Rhode Island	41*	267*	42*	58*	16	2	
2013	Nation (public)	50	270*	39*	61*	20	3	
	Rhode Island	44*	266*	42*	58*	16	1	
2015	Nation (public)	52*	268	42*	58*	18	2*	
	Rhode Island	46	267*	41*	59*	15	1	
2017	Nation (public)	49	267	45	55	18	3	
Con notes at and of t	Rhode Island	47	260	52	48	14	2	

Table 6-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Eligibility status jurisdiction	s, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Not eligible								
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	56*	279*	29*	71*	29*	5*	
	Rhode Island	70*	277*	30*	70*	26*	3*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	55*	285*	24*	76*	35*	7*	
	Rhode Island	66*	283*	25*	75*	31*	5*	
2000	Nation (public)	54*	283*	26*	74*	34*	7*	
	Rhode Island	64*	280*	28*	72*	30*	5*	
2003	Nation (public)	58*	287*	22*	78*	37*	7*	
	Rhode Island	63*	284*	23*	77*	33*	5*	
2005	Nation (public)	59*	288*	21*	79*	39*	8*	
	Rhode Island	69*	282*	25*	75*	31*	4*	
2007	Nation (public)	58*	291*	19*	81*	42*	10*	
	Rhode Island	67*	285*	24*	76*	36*	7*	
2009	Nation (public)	56*	293*	17	83	45*	12*	
	Rhode Island	62*	288*	21	79	37*	8	
2011	Nation (public)	52*	295	16*	84*	47	13*	
	Rhode Island	58*	295	16	84	46	11	
2013	Nation (public)	50	297	14*	86*	49	14*	
	Rhode Island	56*	298*	13*	87*	52*	14	
2015	Nation (public)	47*	296	16*	84*	48	13*	
	Rhode Island	54	294	16	84	46	11	
2017	Nation (public)	50	297	17	83	48	16	
Soo notes at and of tak	Rhode Island	53	293	18	82	45	10	

Table 6-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by National School Lunch Program eligibility status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1996–2017—Continued

					Perc	ent	
Eligibility state jurisdiction	us, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Information n	ot available						
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	14*	278*	31	69	29*	5*
	Rhode Island	4*	249	66	34	10	1
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	16*	273*	37*	63*	26*	4*
	Rhode Island	5*	269	40	60	18	2
2000	Nation (public)	15*	271*	38*	62*	24*	4*
	Rhode Island	5*	262	49	51	17	2
2003	Nation (public)	6*	278*	32*	68*	29*	6*
	Rhode Island	8*	248	66	34	9	1
2005	Nation (public)	3*	277*	34*	66*	28*	6*
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2007	Nation (public)	1	274*	36*	64*	28*	6*
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2009	Nation (public)	1*	284*	28	72	35*	10*
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2011	Nation (public)	#*	275*	37*	63*	26*	6*
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2013	Nation (public)	1*	285	29	71	39	13
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2015	Nation (public)	1	293	21	79	45	17
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2017	Nation (public)	1	293	23	77	46	17
# Douglate ser	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

[#] Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1996–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

 $[\]ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Type of Location

Schools that participated in the assessment were classified as being located in four mutually exclusive types of communities: city, suburb, town, and rural. These categories indicate the geographic locations of schools. "City" is a geographical term meaning the principal city of a U.S. Census Bureau-defined Core-Based Statistical Area and is not synonymous with "inner city." The criteria for classifying schools with respect to type of location changed for 2007; therefore, only results for 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 are available. More detail on the changes for the classification of type of location is available at http://nces.ed.gov/ccd/Rural_Locales.asp.

Tables 7-A and 7-B show average scale scores and percentage of students by achievement-level data for public school students at grades 4 and 8 in Rhode Island and the nation, by type of location (for 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 only).

Grade 4 Scale Score Results by Type of Location

- In 2017, the average scale score of students in Rhode Island attending public schools in city locations was lower than the scores of students in suburban and rural schools.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in city and suburban locations in Rhode Island had average scale scores that were lower than the average scale scores of students in city and suburban locations in the nation.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in rural locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was not significantly different from the average scale score of students in rural locations in the nation.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in city locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was lower than the average scale score of students in city locations in 2011 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from the average scale score of students in city locations in 2007, 2009, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in suburban and rural locations in Rhode Island had average scale scores that were lower than the average scale scores of students in suburban and rural locations in 2011 and 2013 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from the average scale scores of students in suburban and rural locations in 2007, 2009, and 2015 in Rhode Island.

Grade 4 Achievement-Level Results by Type of Location

- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city locations who performed at or above *Proficient* was smaller than the corresponding percentages of students in suburban and rural schools.
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was smaller than those of students in city locations in the nation.
- The percentages of students in Rhode Island's public schools in suburban and rural locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 were not significantly different from those of students in suburban and rural locations in the nation.
- The percentages of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city, suburban, and rural locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 were not significantly different from those of students in city, suburban, and rural locations in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island.

Table 7-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by type of location, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2007–2017

					Percent			
Type of locati jurisdiction	on, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above Proficient	At Advanced	
City								
2007	Nation (public)	29	233	26*	74*	32	5*	
	Rhode Island	34*	228	30	70	23	1	
2009	Nation (public)	30	234	25*	75*	32	5*	
	Rhode Island	31*	228	30	70	24	2	
2011	Nation (public)	29*	235	24*	76*	33	5	
	Rhode Island	32*	231*	26*	74*	29	3	
2013	Nation (public)	30	236*	24*	76*	35	7	
	Rhode Island	31*	230	28	72	28	3	
2015	Nation (public)	31	236*	24*	76*	35	7	
	Rhode Island	24	226	32	68	20	2	
2017	Nation (public)	30	234	27	73	33	7	
	Rhode Island	25	226	33	67	25	4	
Suburb								
2007	Nation (public)	37*	243	15*	85*	44	7*	
	Rhode Island	52*	239	17	83	38	4*	
2009	Nation (public)	36*	243	16*	84*	44	7*	
	Rhode Island	56*	243	16	84	45	6	
2011	Nation (public)	36*	244	15*	85*	45	8*	
	Rhode Island	54*	245*	12*	88*	47	8	
2013	Nation (public)	35*	244	15*	85*	46	9	
	Rhode Island	57*	245*	14*	86*	46	8	
2015	Nation (public)	41	243	16	84	44	9*	
	Rhode Island	65	240	18	82	41	6	
2017	Nation (public)	40	243	18	82	45	10	
	Rhode Island	66	241	18	82	43	8	
Town								
2007	Nation (public)	12*	238	18*	82*	36	4*	
	Rhode Island	4	243	11	89	45	4	
2009	Nation (public)	12*	237	19	81	35	4*	
	Rhode Island	3	243	11	89	43	4	
2011	Nation (public)	13*	237	19	81	35	4*	
	Rhode Island	4	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2013	Nation (public)	11	240*	17*	83*	39*	6	
	Rhode Island	4	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2015	Nation (public)	11	237	20	80	35	5	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
2017	Nation (public)	11	237	21	79	36	6	
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	
See notes at end of	table							

Table 7-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by type of location, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2007–2017

					Perc	ent	
Type of location	Type of location, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Rural							
2007	Nation (public)	22*	240	16*	84*	39	5*
	Rhode Island	9	248	9	91	51	7
2009	Nation (public)	22*	240	16*	84*	39	5*
	Rhode Island	10	249	9	91	55	6
2011	Nation (public)	23*	243	15*	85*	42	6
	Rhode Island	10	254*	7*	93*	59	12
2013	Nation (public)	25*	243*	14*	86*	44*	7
	Rhode Island	8	255*	5*	95*	62	14
2015	Nation (public)	18	241	16	84	40	6*
	Rhode Island	11	250	7	93	53	8
2017	Nation (public)	19	240	18	82	41	7
	Rhode Island	9	243	14	86	47	6

[#] Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 2007–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results by Type of Location

- In 2017, the average scale score of students in Rhode Island attending public schools in city locations was lower than the scores of students in suburban and rural schools.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in city and suburban locations in Rhode Island had average scale scores that were lower than the average scale scores of students in city and suburban locations in the nation.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in rural locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was higher than the average scale score of students in rural locations in the nation.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in city locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was lower than the average scale score of students in city locations in 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from the average scale score of students in city locations in 2007 in Rhode Island.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in suburban locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was lower than the average scale score of students in suburban locations in 2011, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from the average scale score of students in suburban locations in 2007 and 2009 in Rhode Island.
- In 2017, students attending public schools in rural locations in Rhode Island had an average scale score that was higher than the average scale score of students in rural locations in 2009 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from the average scale score of students in rural locations in 2007, 2011, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island.

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results by Type of Location

- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city locations who performed at or above *Proficient* was smaller than the corresponding percentages of students in suburban and rural schools.
- The percentages of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city and suburban locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 were smaller than those of students in city and suburban locations in the nation.
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island's public schools in rural locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was greater than those of students in rural locations in the nation.
- The percentages of students in Rhode Island's public schools in city and suburban locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 were smaller than those of students in city and suburban locations in 2011 and 2013 in Rhode Island, but not significantly different from those of students in city and suburban locations in 2007, 2009, and 2015 in Rhode Island.
- The percentage of students in Rhode Island's public schools in rural locations who performed at or above *Proficient* in 2017 was not significantly different from that of students in rural locations in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015 in Rhode Island.

Table 7-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by type of location, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2007–2017

					Percent				
Type of locatio jurisdiction	n, year, and	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced		
City									
2007	Nation (public)	28	273*	38	62	25*	5*		
	Rhode Island	31*	264	45*	55*	17	2		
2009	Nation (public)	27*	276	36	64	28	6*		
	Rhode Island	31*	268*	42*	58*	18	4		
2011	Nation (public)	29	277	34*	66*	29	7*		
	Rhode Island	30*	270*	39*	61*	22*	3		
2013	Nation (public)	28	278	34*	66*	29	7		
	Rhode Island	31*	274*	35*	65*	27*	5		
2015	Nation (public)	29	276	35	65	28	7		
	Rhode Island	25*	267*	42*	58*	18	2		
2017	Nation (public)	29	277	37	63	29	9		
	Rhode Island	20	259	54	46	15	3		
Suburb									
2007	Nation (public)	36*	285*	26	74	36*	9*		
	Rhode Island	46*	278	34	66	31	7		
2009	Nation (public)	36*	286	25*	75*	37	10*		
	Rhode Island	46*	281	30	70	31	7		
2011	Nation (public)	36*	286	25*	75*	37	9*		
	Rhode Island	52*	287*	23*	77*	37*	9		
2013	Nation (public)	35*	288	24*	76*	39	10*		
	Rhode Island	50*	287*	24*	76*	39*	10*		
2015	Nation (public)	41	285	26	74	37	10*		
	Rhode Island	62*	285*	25*	75*	35	8		
2017	Nation (public)	41	287	27	73	39	12		
	Rhode Island	67	280	31	69	32	7		
Town									
2007	Nation (public)	13*	280	29*	71*	29	5*		
	Rhode Island	2	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		
2009	Nation (public)	14*	279	30	70	29	5		
	Rhode Island	3	287	22	78	36	4		
2011	Nation (public)	13*	281*	28*	72*	31*	6		
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		
2013	Nation (public)	13*	281*	28*	72*	32*	6		
	Rhode Island	2	288	18	82	38	5		
2015	Nation (public)	12	279	30	70	28	5		
	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		
2017	Nation (public)	11	278	33	67	28	6		
See notes at end of to	Rhode Island	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		

Table 7-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by type of location, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2007–2017

					Perc	ent	
Type of location	Type of location, year, and jurisdiction		Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Rural							
2007	Nation (public)	22*	282	26*	74*	32	6*
	Rhode Island	20*	287	21	79	36	6
2009	Nation (public)	23*	284	25*	75*	33	7*
	Rhode Island	21*	285*	21	79	34	6
2011	Nation (public)	23*	286*	23*	77*	35*	7
	Rhode Island	18*	293	15	85	44	9
2013	Nation (public)	24*	286*	24*	76*	36*	8
	Rhode Island	16*	293	16	84	45	10
2015	Nation (public)	19	282	27	73	31	6*
	Rhode Island	13	294	14	86	46	9
2017	Nation (public)	19	282	29	71	32	8
	Rhode Island	13	292	18	82	45	10

[#] Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 2007–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

Parents' Highest Level of Education

Eighth- and twelfth-grade students who participated in the NAEP 2017 assessment were asked to indicate the highest level of education they thought their father and their mother had completed. Five response options—did not finish high school, graduated from high school, some education after high school, graduated from college, and "I don't know"—were offered. The highest level of education reported for either parent was used in the analysis. Fourth-graders were not asked about their parents' education level because their responses in previous NAEP assessments were not reliable, and a large percentage of them chose the "I don't know" option.

The results by highest level of parental education are shown in Table 8.

Grade 8 Scale Score Results by Parents' Highest Level of Education

- In 2017, students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from college had an average scale score that was higher than the average scores of students with a parent in any of the following education categories: some education after high school, graduated from high school, and did not finish high school.
- In 2017, the average scale scores for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from college, had some education after high school, or had not finished high school were lower than the corresponding scores of students in the nation.
- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from high school was not significantly different from the score of students in the nation.
- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from college was higher than the score of students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but lower than the score of students in 2011 and 2013, and not significantly different from the score of students in 2007, 2009, and 2015.
- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had some education after high school was higher than the score of students in 1990, but lower than the score of students in 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015, and not significantly different from the score of students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, and 2007.
- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from high school was higher than the score of students in 1990 and 1992, but lower than the score of students in 2011 and 2015, and not significantly different from the score of students in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, and 2013.
- In 2017, the average scale score for students in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had not finished high school was higher than the score of students in 1990 and 1992, but lower than the score of students in 2015, and not significantly different from the score of students in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, and 2013.

Grade 8 Achievement-Level Results by Parents' Highest Level of Education

- In 2017, the percentage of students performing at or above *Proficient* in Rhode Island who reported that a parent had graduated from college was greater than the percentage for students whose parents' highest level of education was in any of the following education categories: some education after high school, graduated from high school, and did not finish high school.
- In 2017, the percentages of students in Rhode Island reporting that a parent had graduated from college, had graduated from high school, or had not finished high school and who performed at or above *Proficient* were not significantly different from the corresponding percentages of students in the nation.
- In 2017, the percentage of students in Rhode Island reporting that a parent had some education after high school and who performed at or above *Proficient* was smaller than the percentage of students in the nation.
- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of students reporting that a parent had graduated from college and who performed at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentage of students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, and 2005, but was smaller than the percentage of students in 2013, and was not significantly different from the percentage of students in 2007, 2009, 2011, and 2015.
- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of students reporting that a parent had some education after high school and who performed at or above *Proficient* was not significantly different from the percentage of students in 1990, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of students reporting that a parent had graduated from high school and who performed at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentage of students in 1990 and 1992, but was not significantly different from the percentage of students in 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.
- In 2017 in Rhode Island, the percentage of students reporting that a parent had not finished high school and who performed at or above *Proficient* was greater than the percentage of students in 1990, but was not significantly different from the percentage of students in 1992, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015.

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by highest parental education level, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017

					Percent				
Highest paren year, and juris	tal education level, sdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced		
Did not finish	high school								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	10*	241*	76*	24*	3*	#		
	Rhode Island	8	240*	75*	25*	4*	#		
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	8*	249*	66*	34*	6*	1		
	Rhode Island	8	245*	71	29	6	#		
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	8	254*	56*	44*	8*	1*		
	Rhode Island	8	249	65	35	5	#		
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	7	255*	55*	45*	8*	1*		
	Rhode Island	6*	251	63	37	6	1		
2000	Nation (public)	8	253*	57*	43*	7*	#*		
	Rhode Island	6	245	71	29	5	1		
2003	Nation (public)	7	256*	56*	44*	9*	1*		
	Rhode Island	6	249	65	35	7	1		
2005	Nation (public)	8*	259*	52*	48*	11*	1*		
	Rhode Island	7	255	57	43	6	1		
2007	Nation (public)	8*	263	48	52	12*	1*		
	Rhode Island	7	255	55	45	8	#		
2009	Nation (public)	8*	265	45	55	14	1		
	Rhode Island	6	257	56	44	8	1		
2011	Nation (public)	8*	265	44*	56*	15	2		
	Rhode Island	7	263	45	55	12	#		
2013	Nation (public)	8*	267*	42*	58*	16	2		
	Rhode Island	8	264	47	53	16	1		
2015	Nation (public)	8*	265	44*	56*	14	1		
	Rhode Island	8	268*	40*	60*	15	2		
2017	Nation (public)	7	265	48	52	16	2		
See notes at end of t	Rhode Island	7	257	58	42	12	1		

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Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by highest parental education level, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

				Percent				
year, and jurisd	l education level, iction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Graduated from	high school							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	25*	255*	59*	41*	8*	#	
	Rhode Island	26*	252*	61*	39*	7*	#	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	25*	257*	55*	45*	10*	1*	
	Rhode Island	22*	257*	55	45	6*	#	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	23*	260*	50	50	12*	1*	
	Rhode Island	22*	258	52	48	11	1	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	21*	263*	47	53	16	1*	
	Rhode Island	15	264	48	52	14	1	
2000	Nation (public)	21*	260*	49*	51*	15*	1*	
	Rhode Island	17	259	52	48	12	2	
2003	Nation (public)	18*	267	42*	58*	16	2*	
	Rhode Island	13	264	45	55	12	1	
2005	Nation (public)	18*	267	42*	58*	17	2*	
	Rhode Island	16	263	47	53	12	1	
2007	Nation (public)	18*	270*	40*	60*	19	2	
	Rhode Island	14	259	52	48	12	1	
2009	Nation (public)	17*	270*	38*	62*	19	2	
	Rhode Island	16	268	41	59	16	2	
2011	Nation (public)	17*	271*	38*	62*	20*	2	
	Rhode Island	15	269*	40	60	19	2	
2013	Nation (public)	17*	270*	39*	61*	19*	2	
	Rhode Island	15	269	39	61	19	2	
2015	Nation (public)	16*	268	42*	58*	17	2	
	Rhode Island	15	269*	40	60	16	2	
2017	Nation (public)	15	266	45	55	17	3	
Coo notes at and of tah	Rhode Island	15	263	47	53	13	1	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by highest parental education level, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Highest paren year, and juris	ital education level, sdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Some educati	on after high school							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	17*	267*	43*	57*	15*	3*	
	Rhode Island	15	266*	42	58	15	1	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	18*	270*	40*	60*	20*	3*	
	Rhode Island	18*	272	34	66	15	1	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	19*	279	29	71	26	4*	
	Rhode Island	17*	274	33	67	19	1	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	18*	279	28	72	27	3*	
	Rhode Island	17*	275	33	67	22	2	
2000	Nation (public)	18*	277*	30	70	26*	3*	
	Rhode Island	17*	271	37	63	19	2	
2003	Nation (public)	18*	280	27	73	28*	4*	
	Rhode Island	16*	271	37	63	20	2	
2005	Nation (public)	18*	280	27*	73*	28	4*	
	Rhode Island	16*	276	31	69	24	3	
2007	Nation (public)	17*	283*	24*	76*	32	5	
	Rhode Island	17*	276	31	69	25	3	
2009	Nation (public)	17*	283*	24*	76*	32	5	
	Rhode Island	15	279*	28	72	27	3	
2011	Nation (public)	16*	285*	22*	78*	33*	5	
	Rhode Island	14	281*	23*	77*	30	4	
2013	Nation (public)	15*	285*	22*	78*	33*	6	
	Rhode Island	13	284*	23*	77*	32	6	
2015	Nation (public)	15*	282	25*	75*	30	5	
	Rhode Island	12	285*	21*	79*	32	4	
2017	Nation (public)	14	281	29	71	30	6	
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	13	272	38	62	22	2	

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Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by highest parental education level, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990–2017—Continued

				Percent				
Highest parer year, and juris	ntal education level, sdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above Proficient	At Advanced	
Graduated fro	om college							
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	39*	274*	34*	66*	25*	4*	
	Rhode Island	41*	274*	36*	64*	24*	3*	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	40*	279*	30*	70*	31*	5*	
	Rhode Island	43*	277*	30*	70*	25*	3*	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	40*	281*	28*	72*	34*	7*	
	Rhode Island	40*	282*	26	74	33*	5*	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	43*	286*	24*	76*	39*	9*	
	Rhode Island	47*	284*	24	76	34*	7*	
2000	Nation (public)	41*	285*	25*	75*	38*	9*	
	Rhode Island	45*	283*	26	74	33*	7*	
2003	Nation (public)	45*	287*	23*	77*	39*	8*	
	Rhode Island	48*	284*	24	76	35*	5*	
2005	Nation (public)	45*	289*	22	78	41*	10*	
	Rhode Island	47*	284*	24	76	35*	6 *	
2007	Nation (public)	46*	291*	20*	80*	43*	11*	
	Rhode Island	48*	288	22	78	41	8	
2009	Nation (public)	46*	294	18*	82*	46	13*	
	Rhode Island	50	289	21	79	39	9	
2011	Nation (public)	47*	294	18*	82*	46	13*	
	Rhode Island	51	296*	15*	85*	48	13	
2013	Nation (public)	49*	295*	17*	83*	47*	14*	
	Rhode Island	53	297*	15*	85*	50*	13	
2015	Nation (public)	49*	293	19*	81*	45	13*	
	Rhode Island	53	293	17*	83*	45	10	
2017	Nation (public)	53	294	21	79	45	16	
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	54	290	22	78	43	11	

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by highest parental education level, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 1990-2017—Continued

				Percent				
year, and jurisc	al education level, diction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced	
Unknown								
1990 ¹	Nation (public)	9*	240*	71*	29*	5*	#	
	Rhode Island	10	236*	80*	20*	4*	#	
1992 ¹	Nation (public)	9*	251*	62*	38*	9*	#	
	Rhode Island	8*	240*	75*	25*	2	#	
1996 ¹	Nation (public)	11	253*	59*	41*	10*	1*	
	Rhode Island	13	253	58	42	9	1	
2000 ¹	Nation (public)	11	255*	55*	45*	11*	1*	
	Rhode Island	15*	257	52	48	11	1	
2000	Nation (public)	12	253*	59*	41*	9*	1*	
	Rhode Island	15*	250	61	39	9	1	
2003	Nation (public)	11	258*	53*	47*	12*	1*	
	Rhode Island	17*	256	56	44	11	1	
2005	Nation (public)	11	260*	51	49	13*	1*	
	Rhode Island	15*	253	60	40	8	1	
2007	Nation (public)	12	263	48	52	15*	2*	
	Rhode Island	14*	258	53	47	12	2	
2009	Nation (public)	12	264	47	53	16	2	
	Rhode Island	12	257	55	45	10	2	
2011	Nation (public)	12	265	46*	54*	16	2	
	Rhode Island	12	261	51	49	12	1	
2013	Nation (public)	12	266*	45*	55*	17	2	
	Rhode Island	11	263	44	56	16	2	
2015	Nation (public)	12*	263	49	51	15	2	
	Rhode Island	13	258	52	48	11	1	
2017	Nation (public)	11	263	50	50	16	3	
# Dounds to zoro	Rhode Island	11	256	55	45	14	2	

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below Basic, 261 or lower; Basic, 262-298; Proficient, 299-332; and Advanced, 333 or above. At or above Basic includes Basic, Proficient, and Advanced. At or above Proficient includes Proficient and Advanced. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

A More Inclusive NAEP: Students With Disabilities and/or English Language Learners

To ensure that the samples are representative, NAEP has established policies and procedures to maximize the inclusion of all students in the assessment. Every effort is made to ensure that all selected students who are capable of participating meaningfully in the assessment are assessed. While some students with disabilities (SD) and/or English language learners (ELL) can be assessed without any special procedures, others require accommodations to participate in NAEP. Still other SD and/or ELL students selected by NAEP may not be able to participate. Local school staff who are familiar with these students are asked a series of questions to help them decide whether each student should participate in the assessment and whether the student needs accommodations.

Exclusion and accommodation rates may vary across jurisdictions. In addition, exclusion and accommodation rates may vary between assessment years, making it difficult to interpret comparisons over time within jurisdictions. Since SD and/or ELL students tend to score below average, the exclusion of students from these groups may result in a higher average score than if those students had taken the assessment. On the other hand, providing appropriate testing accommodations (e.g., providing extended time for some SD and/or ELL students to take the assessment) removes barriers that would otherwise prevent them from demonstrating their knowledge and skills.

Prior to 2000, testing accommodations were not provided for SD and/or ELL students in NAEP state mathematics assessments. For 2000, results are displayed for both the sample in which accommodations were permitted and the sample in which they were not permitted. Subsequent assessment results were based on the more inclusive samples.

Tables 9-A and 9-B display data for grades 4 and 8 grade students in Rhode Island who were identified as SD and/or ELL, by whether they were excluded, assessed with accommodations, or assessed under standard conditions, as a percent of all grades 4 and 8 students in the state.

Tables 10-A and 10-B show the percentages of students assessed in Rhode Island by disability status and their performance on the NAEP assessment in terms of average scores and percentages performing below *Basic*, at or above *Proficient*, and at *Advanced* for grades 4 and 8.

Tables 11-A and 11-B present the percentages of students assessed in Rhode Island by ELL status, their average scores, and their performance in terms of the percentages below *Basic*, at or above *Proficient*, and at *Advanced* for grades 4 and 8.

Tables 12-A and 12-B present the total number of grades 4 and 8 students assessed in each of the participating states and the percentage of students sampled who were excluded.

Table 9-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students identified as students with disabilities (SD) and/or English language learners (ELL) excluded and assessed in NAEP mathematics as a percentage of all students, by assessment year and testing status: Various years, 1992–2017

Year and testing status		SD and/or ELL		SD		ELL	
		Rhode Island	Nation (public)	Rhode Island	Nation (public)	Rhode Island	Nation (public)
1992 ¹	Identified	15	10	10	7	6	3
	Excluded	6	7	4	5	3	2
	Assessed without accommodations	10	4	7	3	3	1
1996 ¹	Identified	18	16	13	12	5	4
1330	Excluded	6	6	5	5	2	2
	Assessed without accommodations	12	9	8	7	4	2
2000	Identified	23	19	16	13	7	7
	Excluded	3	4	2	3	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	10	10	6	5	4	5
	Assessed with accommodations	10	5	8	4	2	1
2003	Identified	27	22	20	14	10	11
	Excluded	3	4	2	3	2	1
	Assessed without accommodations	9	10	5	4	4	7
	Assessed with accommodations	15	8	13	7	3	2
2005	Identified	26	23	20	14	7	10
	Excluded	3	3	2	3	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	8	10	6	4	2	7
	Assessed with accommodations	15	10	12	8	4	3
2007	Identified	25	23	19	14	7	11
	Excluded	2	3	2	3	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	7	10	5	3	3	7
	Assessed with accommodations	16	10	12	8	4	3
2009	Identified	22	23	17	13	6	10
	Excluded	2	2	2	2	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	5	9	3	3	2	6
	Assessed with accommodations	15	11	13	8	3	4
2011	Identified	19	23	14	13	6	11
	Excluded	1	2	1	2	#	#
	Assessed without accommodations	5	9	1	3	4	6
	Assessed with accommodations	13	12	12	9	2	4
2013	Identified	19	23	14	14	7	11
	Excluded	1	2	1	1	#	#
	Assessed without accommodations	3	7	1	2	2	5
	Assessed with accommodations	15	14	12	10	4	5
2015	Identified	20	24	14	14	8	12
	Excluded	2	2	1	1	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	5	8	1	3	4	6
	Assessed with accommodations	13	14	11	11	3	5
2017	Identified	21	25	14	15	9	12
	Excluded	2	2	1	2	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	4	10	1	4	3	7
	Assessed with accommodations	15	13	12	9	4	5

[#] Rounds to zero.

¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment year.

NOTE: Students identified as both SD and ELL were counted only once under the combined SD and/or ELL category, but were counted separately under the SD and ELL categories. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

Table 9-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students identified as students with disabilities (SD) and/or English language learners (ELL) excluded and assessed in NAEP mathematics as a percentage of all students, by assessment year and testing status: Various years, 1990–2017

Year and testing status		SD and/or ELL		SD		ELL	
		Rhode Island	Nation (public)	Rhode Island	Nation (public)	Rhode Island	Nation (public)
1990 ¹	Identified	14	_	11	_	4	_
	Excluded	6	_	5	_	2	_
	Assessed without accommodations	8	_	6	_	2	_
1992 ¹	Identified	14	10	10	8	4	2
	Excluded	5	6	4	5	2	2
	Assessed without accommodations	8	4	7	3	2	1
1996 ¹	Identified	17	11	13	9	4	3
	Excluded	7	5	5	4	2	1
	Assessed without accommodations	10	7	7	5	2	2
2000	Identified	20	14	16	11	4	4
	Excluded	3	4	3	3	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	12	7	10	5	2	3
	Assessed with accommodations	4	3	4	2	1	1
2003	Identified	23	19	20	14	5	6
	Excluded	4	4	3	3	2	1
	Assessed without accommodations	7	8	5	5	2	4
	Assessed with accommodations	13	7	12	6	2	1
2005	Identified	21	19	17	13	5	6
	Excluded	3	4	3	3	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	7	7	6	3	2	4
	Assessed with accommodations	11	8	9	7	2	1
2007	Identified	20	18	17	13	4	7
	Excluded	3	4	2	4	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	5	6	3	2	2	4
	Assessed with accommodations	12	8	12	6	1	2
2009	Identified	21	18	18	13	3	6
	Excluded	2	3	2	3	1	#
	Assessed without accommodations	4	5	3	2	1	3
	Assessed with accommodations	14	10	13	8	2	2
2011	Identified	19	18	16	13	3	6
	Excluded	1	3	1	2	#	#
	Assessed without accommodations	4	5	3	2	1	3
2012	Assessed with accommodations	13	10	12	9	2	2
2013	Identified	19	17	15	13	5 #	6 #
	Excluded Assessed without assessmentations	1	2	1	1	#	
	Assessed without accommodations Assessed with accommodations	16	3 12	1 13	10	4	2
2015	Identified	20	12	16	13	5	7
2013	Excluded	20	2	10	13	1	#
	Assessed without accommodations	4	5	2	1	2	3
	Assessed without accommodations Assessed with accommodations	14	13	13	11	3	3
2017	Identified	21	20	16	14	6	7
	Excluded	2	2	2	1	1	1
	Assessed without accommodations	4	6	3	3	1	3
	Assessed with accommodations	15	12	12	10	4	3

[—] Not available.

[#] Rounds to zero.

Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment year.

NOTE: Students identified as both SD and ELL were counted only once under the combined SD and/or ELL category, but were counted separately under the SD and ELL categories. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP),

various years, 1990–2017 Mathematics Assessments.

Table 10-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by students with disabilities (SD) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017

	Percent				ent		
SD status, year, and jurisdiction		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Basic</i>	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
SD							
2000	Nation (public)	10*	198*	71*	29*	6*	1*
	Rhode Island	15	210	54	46	12	#
2003	Nation (public)	11*	214	50	50	12*	1*
	Rhode Island	19*	210*	56*	44*	9	1
2005	Nation (public)	12*	218*	44*	56*	16	2*
	Rhode Island	18*	215*	48*	52*	11	1
2007	Nation (public)	11*	220*	40*	60*	19*	2
	Rhode Island	17*	216*	45*	55*	15	1
2009	Nation (public)	12*	220*	41*	59*	19*	2
	Rhode Island	16*	214*	49*	51*	13	1
2011	Nation (public)	12*	218*	45*	55*	17	2*
	Rhode Island	13	212*	51*	49*	13	1
2013	Nation (public)	13*	218*	45*	55*	18*	2
	Rhode Island	13	210*	54*	46*	10	1
2015	Nation (public)	13	217*	46*	54*	16	2
	Rhode Island	13	209	56	44	9	2
2017	Nation (public)	13	214	52	48	16	2
Soo notes at and of	Rhode Island	14	203	64	36	11	1

Table 10-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by students with disabilities (SD) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017—Continued

				Percent			
SD status, yea	r, and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Not SD							
2000	Nation (public)	90*	227*	33*	67*	24*	3*
	Rhode Island	85	226*	31*	69*	24*	2*
2003	Nation (public)	89*	236*	21*	79*	34*	4*
	Rhode Island	81*	235*	22*	78*	33*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	88*	240*	17*	83*	38*	5*
	Rhode Island	82*	238*	18*	82*	35*	4*
2007	Nation (public)	89*	241*	16	84	41*	6*
	Rhode Island	83*	240*	15	85	38*	4*
2009	Nation (public)	88*	242*	16	84	41*	6*
	Rhode Island	84*	243	13	87	44	6
2011	Nation (public)	88*	243	15*	85*	43	7*
	Rhode Island	87	246*	11*	89*	47	8
2013	Nation (public)	87*	244*	14*	86*	45*	8
	Rhode Island	87	246*	12*	88*	47*	8
2015	Nation (public)	87	243	15*	85*	43	8
	Rhode Island	87	242	14	86	42	6
2017	Nation (public)	87	243	16	84	43	9
# Rounds to zero	Rhode Island	86	243	15	85	43	7

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities in the NAEP samples and by differences in sample sizes. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Table 10-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by students with disabilities (SD) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017

				Percent			
SD status, year, and jurisdiction		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
SD							
2000	Nation (public)	8*	229*	80*	20*	4*	#*
	Rhode Island	14	236	77	23	4	2
2003	Nation (public)	11*	242*	71	29	6*	1*
	Rhode Island	18*	244	69	31	8	#
2005	Nation (public)	11*	244*	69	31	7*	1*
	Rhode Island	15	241	74	26	3*	#
2007	Nation (public)	9*	246	67*	33*	8	1*
	Rhode Island	15	243	71	29	5	#
2009	Nation (public)	10*	249*	64*	36*	9	1
	Rhode Island	16*	245	70	30	5	#
2011	Nation (public)	11*	249*	65*	35*	9	2
	Rhode Island	15	248	66	34	7	1
2013	Nation (public)	12*	248*	66*	34*	8	1*
	Rhode Island	14	246	67	33	6	1
2015	Nation (public)	12*	246	68	32	8	1*
	Rhode Island	15	246	69	31	7	#
2017	Nation (public)	13	246	70	30	8	2
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	15	243	72	28	6	1

Table 10-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by students with disabilities (SD) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017—Continued

				Percent			
SD status, yea	r, and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Not SD							
2000	Nation (public)	92*	275*	35*	65*	26*	5*
	Rhode Island	86	274*	35*	65*	25*	4*
2003	Nation (public)	89*	280*	29*	71*	30*	5*
	Rhode Island	82*	278*	30	70	27*	4*
2005	Nation (public)	89*	281*	28*	72*	31*	6*
	Rhode Island	85	278*	30	70	27*	4*
2007	Nation (public)	91*	284*	26	74	33*	7*
	Rhode Island	85	281	28	72	32	6
2009	Nation (public)	90*	285*	24	76	35*	8*
	Rhode Island	84*	284	24	76	32	7
2011	Nation (public)	89*	287	23*	77*	36	9*
	Rhode Island	85	289*	19*	81*	39*	9
2013	Nation (public)	88*	288*	22*	78*	38	9*
	Rhode Island	86	290*	19*	81*	41*	10*
2015	Nation (public)	88*	286	24	76	36	9*
	Rhode Island	85	288*	20*	80*	36	7
2017	Nation (public)	87	287	25	75	37	11
# Rounds to zero	Rhode Island	85	283	28	72	34	7

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities in the NAEP samples and by differences in sample sizes. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Table 11-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by English language learner (ELL) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017

					Perc	ent	
ELL status, year, and jurisdiction		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
ELL							
2000	Nation (public)	6*	199*	70*	30*	4*	#
	Rhode Island	6	182*	87*	13*	3	#
2003	Nation (public)	9*	214*	51*	49*	9*	#*
	Rhode Island	8	196	77	23	3	1
2005	Nation (public)	10*	216	46	54	11*	1*
	Rhode Island	6	199	71	29	5	1
2007	Nation (public)	10*	217	44	56	13	1
	Rhode Island	7	207	56	44	9	1
2009	Nation (public)	10*	218	43*	57*	12*	1*
	Rhode Island	6	209	56	44	10	1
2011	Nation (public)	11	219*	42*	58*	14	1*
	Rhode Island	6	207	57	43	8	#
2013	Nation (public)	11*	219*	41*	59*	14	1
	Rhode Island	6	205	60	40	7	#
2015	Nation (public)	11	218	43*	57*	15	1
	Rhode Island	7	210*	54	46	8	1
2017	Nation (public)	12	217	47	53	14	2
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	7	200	66	34	7	#

Table 11-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of fourth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by English language learner (ELL) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017—Continued

				Percent			
ELL status, ye	ar, and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Not ELL							
2000	Nation (public)	94*	226*	34*	66*	24*	3*
	Rhode Island	94	227*	31*	69*	23*	2*
2003	Nation (public)	91*	236*	21*	79*	34*	4*
	Rhode Island	92	233*	24*	76*	30*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	90*	239*	18	82	38*	5*
	Rhode Island	94	236*	20	80	32*	4*
2007	Nation (public)	90*	242	16*	84*	42	6*
	Rhode Island	93	238	18	82	36*	4*
2009	Nation (public)	90*	242	16*	84*	41*	6*
	Rhode Island	94	241	17	83	41	5
2011	Nation (public)	89	243	15*	85*	43	7*
	Rhode Island	94	244*	13*	87*	45	8
2013	Nation (public)	89*	244*	15*	85*	45*	8
	Rhode Island	94	244*	14*	86*	45	8
2015	Nation (public)	89	243	16*	84*	43	8
	Rhode Island	93	240	17	83	40	6
2017	Nation (public)	88	242	18	82	43	9
# Rounds to zero	Rhode Island	93	241	18	82	41	7

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 213 or lower; *Basic*, 214–248; *Proficient*, 249–281; and *Advanced*, 282 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for English language learners in the NAEP samples and by differences in sample sizes. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Table 11-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by English language learner (ELL) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000-2017

				Percent			
ELL status, ye	ar, and jurisdiction	Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below Basic	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
ELL							
2000	Nation (public)	3*	234*	80*	20*	2*	#
	Rhode Island	3*	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2003	Nation (public)	5*	241*	74	26	5	1
	Rhode Island	4*	228	87	13	3	#
2005	Nation (public)	6*	244	71	29	6	1
	Rhode Island	4*	224	89	11	1	#
2007	Nation (public)	6	245	70	30	6	1
	Rhode Island	3*	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
2009	Nation (public)	6*	243	72	28	5	1*
	Rhode Island	3*	237	76	24	8	3
2011	Nation (public)	6*	244	72	28	5	1
	Rhode Island	3*	227	83	17	4	#
2013	Nation (public)	5*	245	69	31	5	1
	Rhode Island	5	232	80	20	2	#
2015	Nation (public)	6	246	69	31	5	1
	Rhode Island	5	233	82	18	5	#
2017	Nation (public)	6	245	72	28	6	1
See notes at end of	Rhode Island	5	229	84	16	2	#

Table 11-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Percentage of eighth-grade public school students, average scale score, and achievement-level results in NAEP mathematics, by English language learner (ELL) status, year, and jurisdiction: Various years, 2000–2017—Continued

				Percent			
ELL status, year, and jurisdiction		Percentage of students	Average scale score	Below <i>Basic</i>	At or above Basic	At or above <i>Proficient</i>	At Advanced
Not ELL							
2000	Nation (public)	97*	273*	37*	63*	26*	5*
	Rhode Island	97*	271*	39*	61*	22*	4*
2003	Nation (public)	95*	278*	31*	69*	29*	5*
	Rhode Island	96*	274*	35*	65*	25*	3*
2005	Nation (public)	94*	280*	30*	70*	30*	6*
	Rhode Island	96*	274*	34	66	24*	3*
2007	Nation (public)	94	282*	27	73	33*	7*
	Rhode Island	97*	277*	33	67	28*	5
2009	Nation (public)	94*	284	26*	74*	34	8*
	Rhode Island	97*	279	30	70	28	6
2011	Nation (public)	94*	285	25*	75*	35	8*
	Rhode Island	97*	285*	25*	75*	35	8
2013	Nation (public)	95*	286	25*	75*	36	9*
	Rhode Island	95	287*	23*	77*	38*	9
2015	Nation (public)	94	284	27	73	34	8*
	Rhode Island	95	284*	25*	75*	33	7
2017	Nation (public)	94	284	28	72	35	10
".B	Rhode Island	95	280	31	69	32	7

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500. Achievement levels correspond to the following points on the NAEP mathematics scales: below *Basic*, 261 or lower; *Basic*, 262–298; *Proficient*, 299–332; and *Advanced*, 333 or above. At or above *Basic* includes *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. At or above *Proficient* includes *Proficient* and *Advanced*. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for English language learners in the NAEP samples and by differences in sample sizes. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. All differences were calculated and tested using unrounded numbers.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} Value is significantly different (p < .05) from the value for the same jurisdiction and student group in 2017.

Table 12-A

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Number of fourth-grade public school students assessed in NAEP mathematics and weighted percentage excluded, by state/jurisdiction: 2017

State/jurisdiction	Number assessed	Weighted percentage excluded
Nation (public)	144,000	2
Alabama	2,200	1
Alaska	2,200	1
Arizona	2,300	2
Arkansas	2,300	2
California	6,000	3
Colorado	3,100	1
Connecticut	2,300	2
Delaware	2,300	2
Florida	5,600	3
Georgia	3,600	2
Hawaii	2,300	3
		1
Idaho	2,400	
Illinois	3,600	2
Indiana	2,400	1
lowa	2,300	2
Kansas	2,300	1
Kentucky	3,200	2
Louisiana	2,300	2
Maine	2,100	1
Maryland	3,300	1
Massachusetts	3,500	2
Michigan	3,100	3
Minnesota	2,400	2
Mississippi	2,400	1
Missouri	2,300	1
Montana	2,300	1
Nebraska	2,300	2
Nevada	2,400	1
New Hampshire	2,300	1
New Jersey	2,200	2
New Mexico	2,800	2
New York	3,100	2
North Carolina	4,300	2
North Dakota	2,300	1
Ohio	3,100	2
Oklahoma	2,400	2
Oregon	2,200	2
Pennsylvania	3,300	2
Rhode Island	2,400	2
South Carolina	2,400	1
South Dakota	2,300	1
Tennessee	3,200	2
Texas	7,500	
	7,300	3 2
Utah	2,300	
Vermont	2,300	1
Virginia	2,300	2
Washington	2,400	2
West Virginia	2,300	1
Wisconsin	3,300	2
Wyoming	2,400	1
Puerto Rico	3,000	0
Other jurisdictions		
District of Columbia	2,200	2
DoDEA ¹	2,300	1
DUDLA	2,555	'

¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

NOTE: The number of students assessed is rounded to the nearest hundred.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Table 12-B

The Nation's Report Card 2017 State Assessment

Number of eighth-grade public school students assessed in NAEP mathematics and weighted percentage excluded, by state/jurisdiction: 2017

State/jurisdiction	Number assessed	Weighted percentage excluded
Nation (public)	140,200	2
Alabama	2,300	2
Alaska	2,200	2
Arizona	2,300	1
Arkansas	2,300	2
California	5,900	2
Colorado	3,100	2
Connecticut	2,300	2
Delaware	2,400	2
Florida	5,700	3
Georgia	3,300	2
Hawaii	2,200	2
Idaho		1
	2,400	
Illinois	3,500	1
Indiana	2,300	2
lowa	2,500	1
Kansas	2,200	1
Kentucky	3,100	1
Louisiana	2,100	3
Maine	2,200	2
Maryland	3,200	2
Massachusetts	3,100	2
Michigan	3,000	3
Minnesota	2,300	2
Mississippi	2,300	1
Missouri	2,300	2
Montana	2,300	1
Nebraska	2,400	2
Nevada	2,400	2
New Hampshire	2,200	1
New Jersey	2,300	2
New Mexico	2,900	2
New York	2,900	2
North Carolina	4,300	2
North Dakota	2,300	2
Ohio	2,900	2
Oklahoma	2,300	2
Oregon	2,100	1
Pennsylvania	3,000	2
Rhode Island	2,200	2
South Carolina	2,500	1
South Dakota	2,300	3
Tennessee	3,100	2
Texas	7,300	2
Utah	2,300	1
Vermont	2,100	1
Virginia	2,200	2
Washington	2,200	2
West Virginia	2,200	2
Wisconsin	2,200	
	3,100	2
Wyoming	2,500	1
Puerto Rico	3,100	0
Other jurisdictions		
District of Columbia	1,400	2
DoDEA ¹	1,600	1

¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

NOTE: The number of students assessed is rounded to the nearest hundred.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Mathematics Assessment.

Where to Find More Information

The NAEP Mathematics Assessment

The latest news about the NAEP 2017 mathematics assessment and the results can be found on the NAEP website at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/mathematics. The individual snapshot reports for each participating state and other jurisdictions are also available in the state results section of the website at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/.

The Mathematics Framework for the 2017 National Assessment of Educational Progress, on which this assessment is based, is available at the National Assessment Governing Board website at http://www.nagb.gov/content/nagb/assets/documents/publications/frameworks/mathematics/2017-mathematics-framework.pdf.

The NAEP Data Explorer (NDE)

The interactive database at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/naepdata/ includes student, teacher, and school variables for all participating districts, states, and the nation. Data tables are also available for districts, with all contextual questions cross-tabulated with the major demographic variables. Users can design and create tables and can perform tests of statistical significance at this website.

Technical Documentation on the Web (TDW)

Technical documentation section of the NAEP website http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/tdw/ contains information about the technical procedures and methods of NAEP. The TDW site is organized by topic (from Instruments through Analysis and Scaling) with subtopics, including information specific to a particular assessment. The content is written for researchers and assumes knowledge of educational measurement and testing.

Publications on the inclusion of students with disabilities and English language learners

References for a variety of research publications related to the assessment of SD and/or ELL students may be found at http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.asp#research.

To order publications

Recent NAEP publications related to mathematics are listed on the mathematics page of the NAEP website and are available electronically. Publications can also be ordered from

Education Publications Center (ED Pubs)
U.S. Department of Education
P.O. Box 22207
Alexandria, VA 22304

Call toll free: 1-877-4ED-Pubs (1-877-433-7827)

TTY/TDD: 1-877-576-7734 FAX: 1-703-605-6794

Order online at: http://www.ed.gov/edpubs/.

The NAEP State Report Generator was developed for the NAEP 2017 reports by Phillip Leung, Patricia Donahue, Marc Berger, Rick Hasney, and Ming Kuang.

What is the Nation's Report Card™?

The Nation's Report Card™ informs the public about the academic achievement of elementary and secondary students in the United States. Report cards communicate the findings of the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), a continuing and nationally representative measure of achievement in various subjects over time.

Since 1969, NAEP assessments have been conducted periodically in reading, mathematics, science, writing, U.S. history, civics, geography, and other subjects. NAEP collects and reports information on student performance at the national, state, and local levels, making the assessment an integral part of our nation's evaluation of the condition and progress of education. Only academic achievement data and related background information are collected. The privacy of individual students and their families is protected.

NAEP is a congressionally authorized project of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) within the Institute of Education Sciences of the U.S. Department of Education. The Commissioner of Education Statistics is responsible for carrying out the NAEP project. The National Assessment Governing Board oversees and sets policy for NAEP.

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