In 2019, the average score of fourth-grade students in Rhode Island was 220. This was significantly different from the average score of 219 for students in the nation.

The average score for students in Rhode Island in 2019 (220) was lower than their average score in 2017 (223) and was not significantly different from their average score in 1998 (218).

The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 35 percent in 1998. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2017 (39 percent) and in 1998 (31 percent).

The percentage of students in Rhode Island who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 66 percent in 1998. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2017 (69 percent) and in 1998 (64 percent).

In 2019, Black students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (34 points).

In 1998, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (48 points).

In 1998, female students in Rhode Island had an average score that was 1 point in favor of male. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (1 point in favor of male).

In 1998, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), had an average score that was 29 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (35 points).

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation

Score Gaps for Student Groups

In 2019, Black students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (34 points).

In 1998, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (48 points).

In 1998, female students in Rhode Island had an average score that was 1 point in favor of male. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (1 point in favor of male).

In 1998, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), had an average score that was 29 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (35 points).

*Significantly different (p < .05) from state's results in 2019. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

NAEP Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

Average Scores for Student Groups in 2019

Score Gaps for Student Groups

In 2019, Black students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (34 points).

In 1998, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (48 points).

In 1998, female students in Rhode Island had an average score that was 1 point in favor of male. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (1 point in favor of male).

In 1998, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), had an average score that was 29 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (35 points).

*Significantly different (p < .05) from state's results in 2019. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

NAEP Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

Regional Results

NAEP Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation

Score Gaps for Student Groups

In 2019, Black students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (34 points).

In 1998, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (48 points).

In 1998, female students in Rhode Island had an average score that was 1 point in favor of male. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (1 point in favor of male).

In 1998, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), had an average score that was 29 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (35 points).

*Significantly different (p < .05) from state's results in 2019. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.