

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.5	ELA.EE.RI.8.5	Initial Precursor:
Analyze in detail the	Locate the topic	 When supplied with a member of a
structure of a specific	sentence and	category, can determine if the member
paragraph in a text,	supporting	belongs in the category
including the role of	details in a	Distal Precursor:
particular sentences	paragraph	 Able to identify explicit details in an
in developing and		informational text
refining a key		Proximal Precursor:
concept		Can determine which key details in an
		informational text support the main idea of
		the whole text or a section of it
		Target:
		Student can identify the topic sentence and
		identify the details in the paragraph that
		support the topic sentence. There is a slight
		shift here from previous nodes as the
		student will need to use some text
		searching skill to locate the topic sentence
		and supporting details (they will need to
		use their knowledge of structural elements
		of informational texts to accomplish this)
		Successor:
		 Can derive from an oral, digital, or
		quantitative presentation of information
		the details supporting the main idea

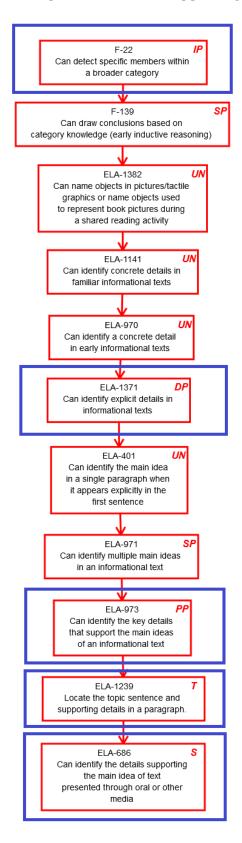
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A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
T	Target		

ELA.EE.RI.8.5 - Locate the topic sentence and supporting details in a paragraph.





Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	Zimage Zeveis
ELA.RL.8.1	ELA.EE.RL.8.1	Initial Precursor:
Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an	Cite text to support inferences from	 As a result of experience with a routine, the student is able to identify the objects that are used in the routine
analysis of what the	stories and	Distal Precursor:
text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text	poems	 Can identify the concrete details, such as characters, objects, setting, and major events that are specifically stated in a narrative text
		Proximal Precursor:
		 Can identify details about characters, objects, setting, and major events that come from information not specifically stated in a narrative text
		Target:
		 Can identify and cite the explicit information stated in the text supporting the inferences made while reading a narrative text
		Successor:
		 Can determine which citations refer to explicit information and which citations refer to inferred information in a narrative text

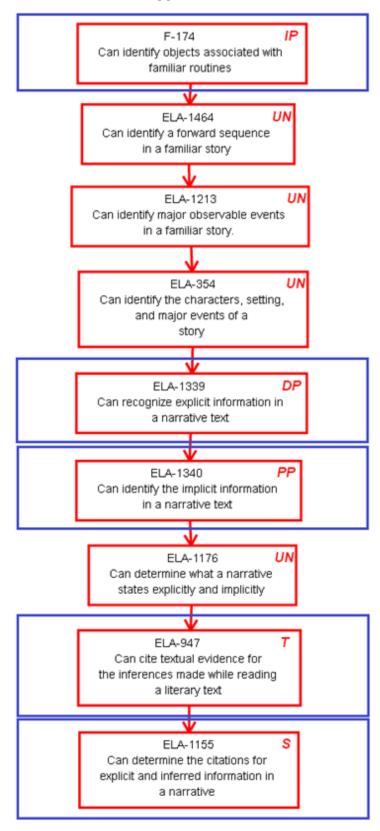
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PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
-	-		

ELA.EE.RL.8.1 - Cite text to support inferences from stories and poems.





Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RL.8.2	ELA.EE.RL.8.2	Initial Precursor:
Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an	Recount an event related to the theme or central idea, including details about character and setting	 Can identify the next step or event in a sequence from a familiar routine Distal Precursor: Can identify early elements of story grammar; can point to pictures or objects or use speech to identify the characters or objects in a simple story Proximal Precursor: Can identify the theme of a story, which
objective summary of the text		includes a short, concise sentence about the
the text		overall meaning of the narrative
		Target:
		 Can relate an event with details about specific characters and settings that help the reader to infer the theme or central idea of a narrative
		Successor:
		 Can relate two or more events with details about specific characters and settings that help the reader to infer the theme or central idea of a narrative

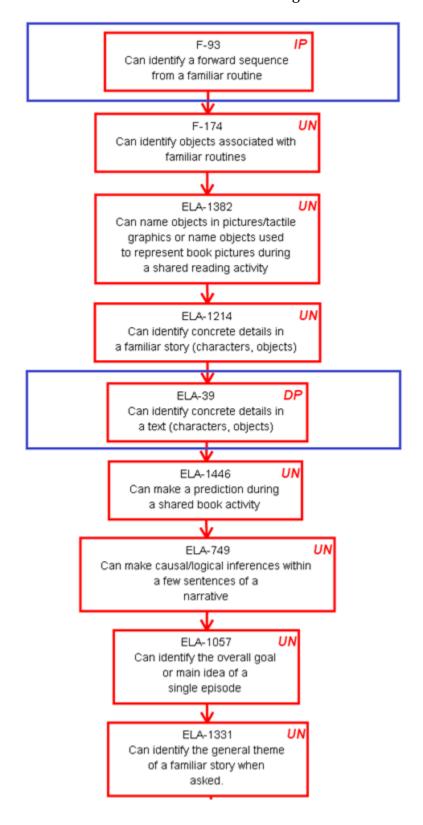
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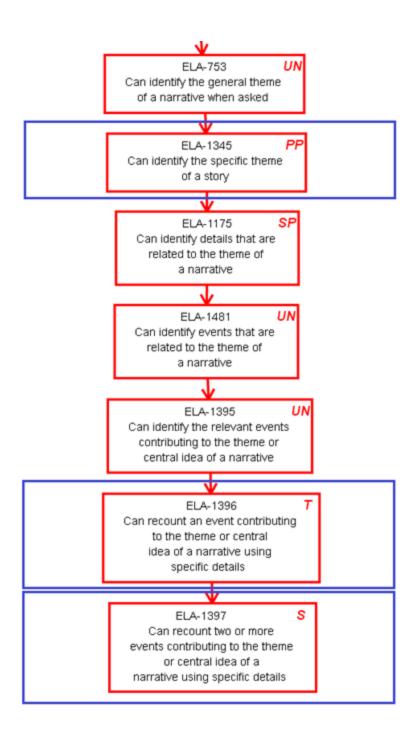
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PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested

ELA.EE.RL.8.2 - Recount an event related to the theme or central idea, including details about character and setting.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RL.8.4	ELA.EE.RL.8.4	Initial Precursor:
Determine the	Determine	Can determine when two words have the
meaning of words	connotative	same, similar, or different meanings or
and phrases as they	meanings of	whether meanings of a single word are the
are used in a text,	words and	same or different
including figurative	phrases in a text	Distal Precursor:
and connotative		Can determine the literal meaning of words
meanings; analyze		and phrases using the context in which they
the impact of specific		are located
word choices on		Proximal Precursor:
meaning and tone,		 Can determine the meaning of frequently
including analogies		occurring or transparent simple idioms and
or allusions to other		figures of speech when reading a narrative
texts		Target:
		 Can identify the commonly understood
		cultural and/or emotional meaning of
		words and phrases in a text
		Successor:
		 Can ascertain the figurative meanings of
		words and phrases in narratives, such as
		common idioms, analogies, and figures of
		speech

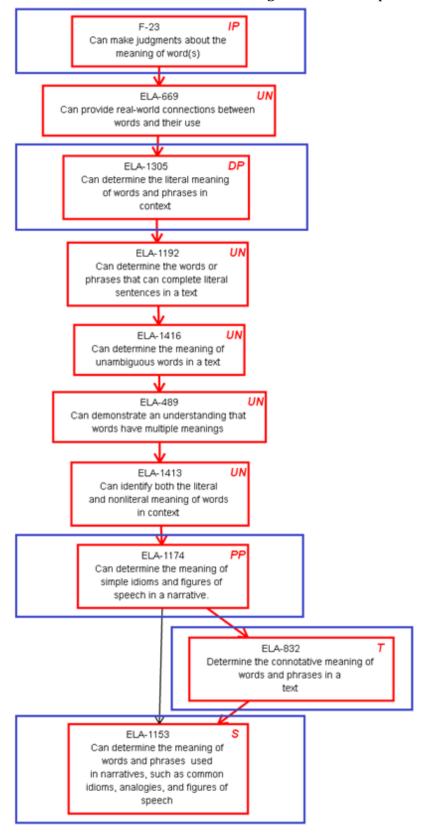
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
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ELA.EE.RL.8.4 - Determine connotative meanings of words and phrases in a text.





Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.1	ELA.EE.RI.8.1	Initial Precursor:
Cite the textual	Cite text to	As a result of experience with a routine, the
evidence that most	support	student is able to identify the objects that
strongly supports an	inferences from	are used in the routine
analysis of what the	informational	Distal Precursor:
text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text	text	 Can identify the concrete details, such as individuals, events, or ideas in familiar informational texts
		Proximal Precursor:
		Can use information and details explicitly mentioned in the text for citing
		Target:
		Can use information and details inferred from the information and details explicitly mentioned in the text for citing
		Successor:
		Can determine which citations refer to
		explicit information and which citations
		refer to inferred information in an
		informational text

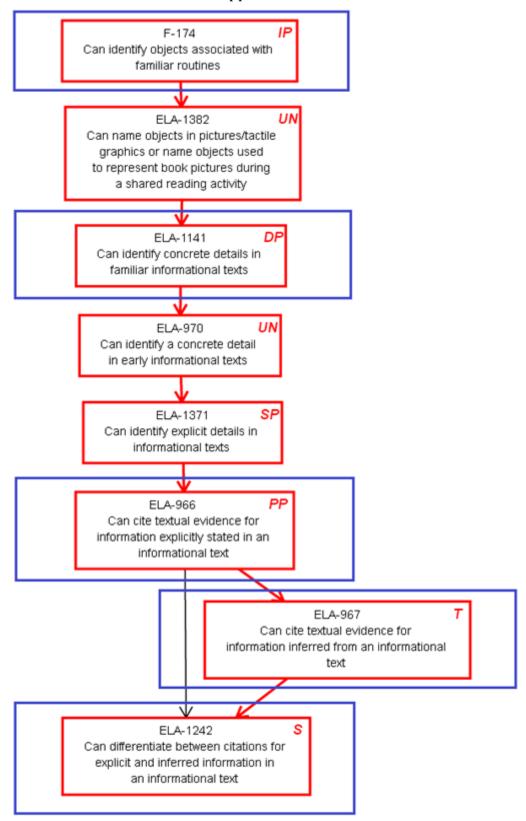
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
т	Tarrat		

ELA.EE.RI.8.1 - Cite text to support inferences from informational text.





Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.2	ELA.EE.RI.8.2	Initial Precursor:
Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its	Provide a summary of a familiar informational text	 Can demonstrate an understanding when information is not pertinent to the current task and can prevent this information from affecting their decisions and performance, allowing him or her to focus on the relevant task information
relationship to		Distal Precursor:
supporting ideas; provide an objective		 Able to identify explicit details in an informational text
summary of the text		Proximal Precursor:
		 Can determine more than one main idea in an informational text
		Target:
		 Can summarize the information in a familiar informational text
		Successor:
		 Can summarize an informational text, including relevant details and descriptive information

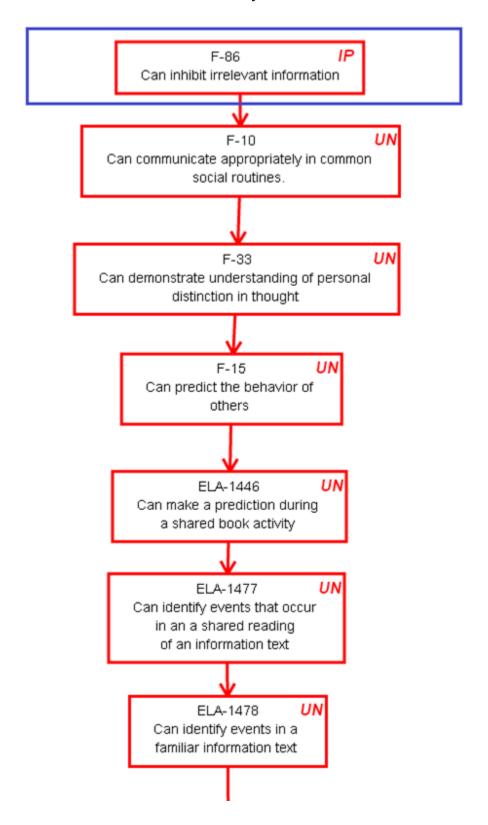
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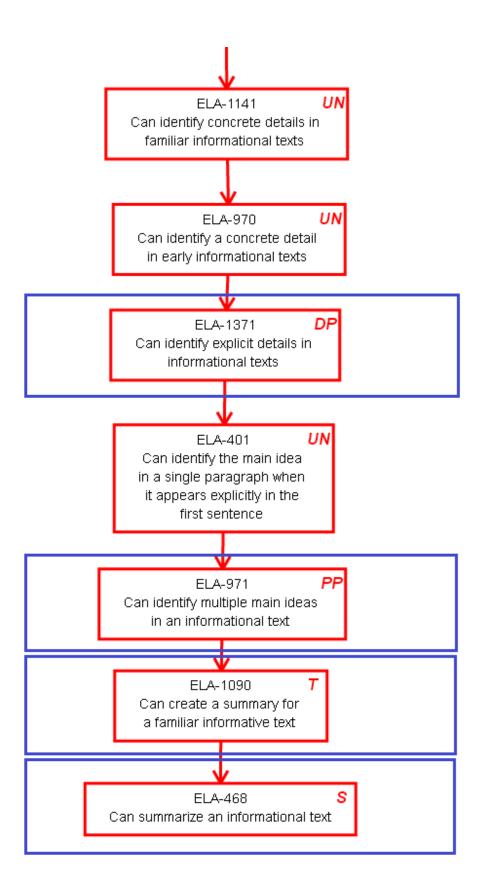
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PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
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ELA.EE.RI.8.2 - Provide a summary of a familiar informational text.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.4	ELA.EE.RI.8.4	Initial Precursor:
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies	Determine connotative meanings of words and phrases in a text	 Can determine when two words have the same, similar, or different meanings or whether meanings of a single word are the same or different Distal Precursor: Can determine the literal meaning of words and phrases using the context in which they are located Proximal Precursor: Can use the surrounding context of a word in a text to determine the meaning of
or allusions to other		multiple meaning words
texts		Target:
		 Can identify the commonly understood cultural and/or emotional meaning of words and phrases in a text
		Successor:
		 Can determine the figurative meaning of words and phrases as the author intended in an informational text, such as common idioms, analogies, and figures of speech

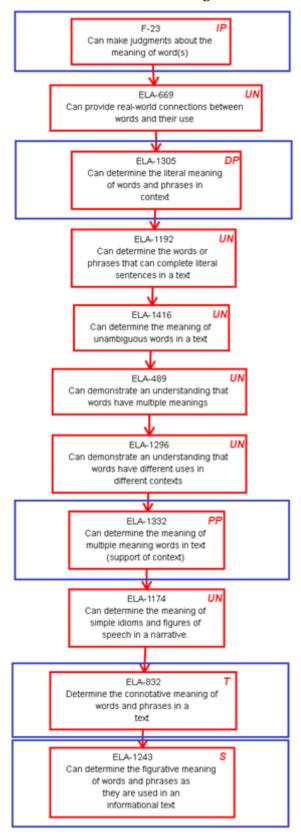
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
	_		

ELA.EE.RI.8.4 - Determine connotative meanings of words and phrases in a text.





Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	Difficulty Develo
ELA.RI.8.6	ELA.EE.RI.8.6	Initial Precursor:
Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints	Determine an author's purpose or point of view and identify examples from text that describe or support it	 As a result of experience with a routine, the student is able to identify people associated with the routine Distal Precursor: Can identify the concrete details mentioned in beginner level informational texts Proximal Precursor: Can identify the author's point of view or purpose for writing an informational text on the topic at hand. The point of view of an author is his/her physical or mental relationship with a specific event or area of
		a general topic
		Target:
		 Can pick out examples in an informational text or a presentation on a topic describing or supporting the author's or presenter's point of view on the topic
		Successor:
		 Can determine the examples the author provides in an informational text on a topic that indicate or suggest his/her purpose for writing the text

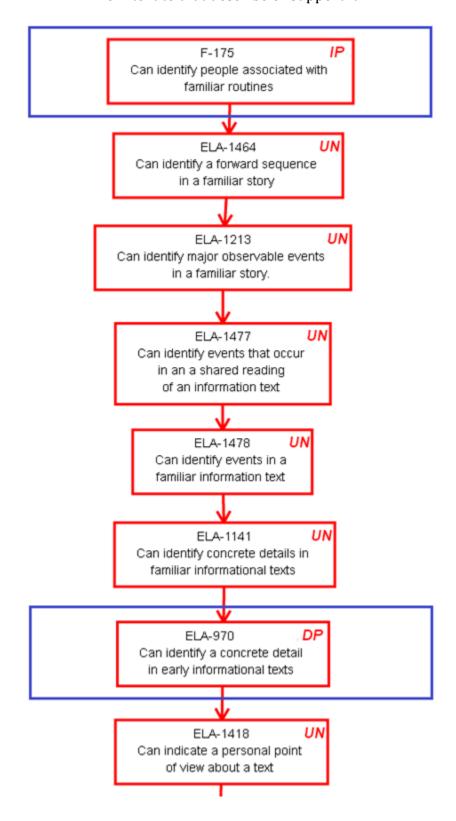
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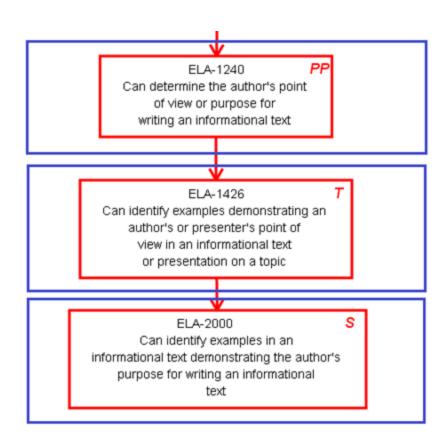
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IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
-	m .		

ELA.EE.RI.8.6 - Determine an author's purpose or point of view and identify examples from text to that describe or support it.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.8	ELA.EE.RI.8.8	Initial Precursor:
Delineate and	Determine the	 Realizes that what he or she is thinking or
evaluate the	argument made	viewing may or may not be the same as
argument and	by an author in	what other people see or think
specific claims in a	an informational	Distal Precursor:
text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound	text	 Can determine what the points are that the author of an unfamiliar informational text is trying to communicate to the reader
and the evidence is		Proximal Precursor:
relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant		 Can find out how specific points made by an author in an informational text relate to the reasons supporting it
evidence is		Target:
introduced		Can identify an explicitly made argument (must be overtly stated in the text) in an informational text. Note - locating the argument is similar to noting the overall main idea. In a persuasive text there is a central argument presented with several claims and evidence to back the claims
		Successor:
		 Can identify an argument as an association between a claim and its evidence

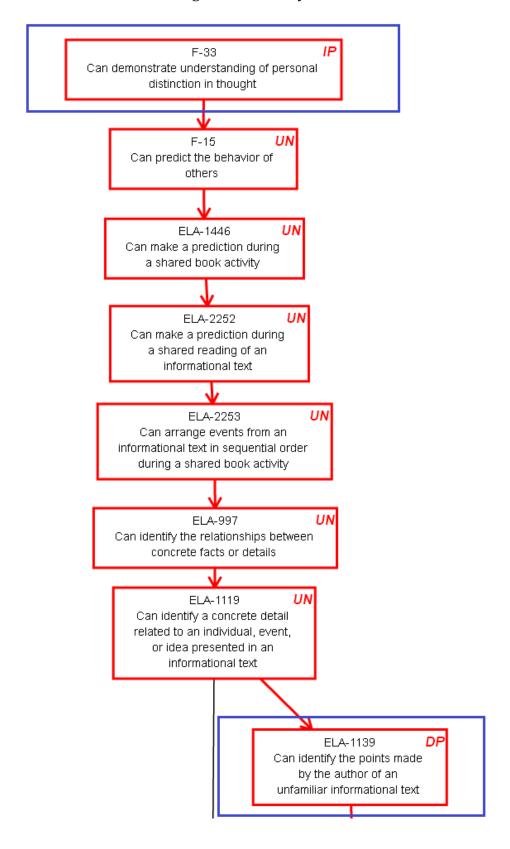
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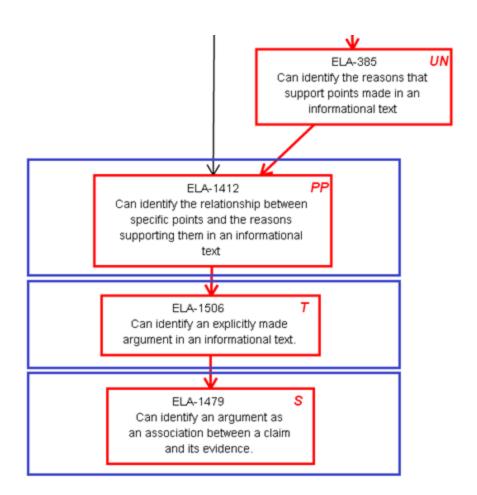
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested

ELA.EE.RI.8.8 - Determine the argument made by an author in an informational text.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.L.8.5.a	ELA.EE.L.8.5.a	Initial Precursor:
Interpret figures of	Demonstrate	 Can understand adjectives in others' speech
speech (e.g. verbal	understanding of	Distal Precursor:
irony, puns) in	the use of	Can recognize that the literal meaning of a
context	multiple	word or phrase is the meaning directly
	meaning words	stated in the sentence
		Proximal Precursor:
		 Can use the surrounding context of a word
		in a text to determine the meaning of
		multiple meaning words
		Target:
		 Can demonstrate an understanding of the
		use of a multiple meaning word
		Successor:
		 Can identify the intended meaning of
		multiple meaning words in a text

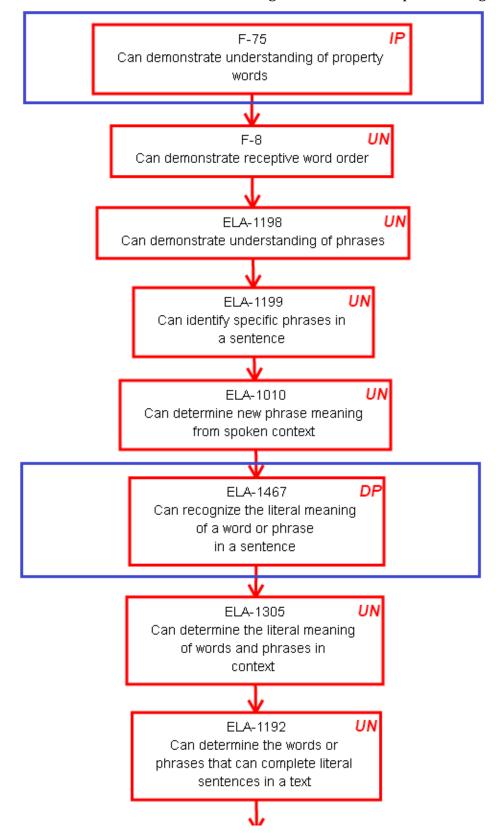
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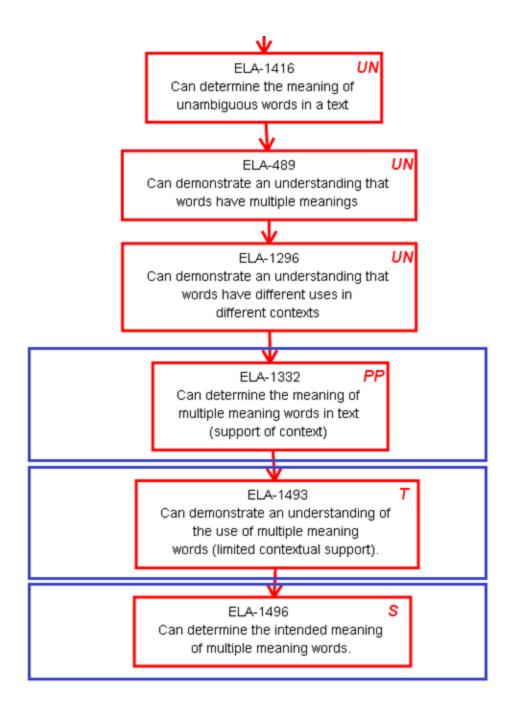
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
Т	Target		

ELA.EE.L.8.5.a - Demonstrate understanding of the use of multiple meaning words.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RL.8.3	ELA.EE.RL.8.3	Initial Precursor:
Analyze how	Identify which	 Comprehends that all objects have some
particular lines of	incidents in a	function or action typically associated with
dialogue or incidents	story or drama	it (object action)
in a story or drama	lead to	Distal Precursor:
propel the action, reveal aspects of a	subsequent action	 Student can correctly identify how a character responds to a challenge that is
character, or provoke		presented within a story
a decision		Proximal Precursor:
		 Can recall the causes of major actions
		included in a story
		Target:
		 Can identify the impact that certain events
		have in a narrative, such as causing
		subsequent events to occur
		Successor:
		 Can explain how each of the character's
		actions in the story is the cause of another
		action, and how these build on each other
		towards achieving the overall goal

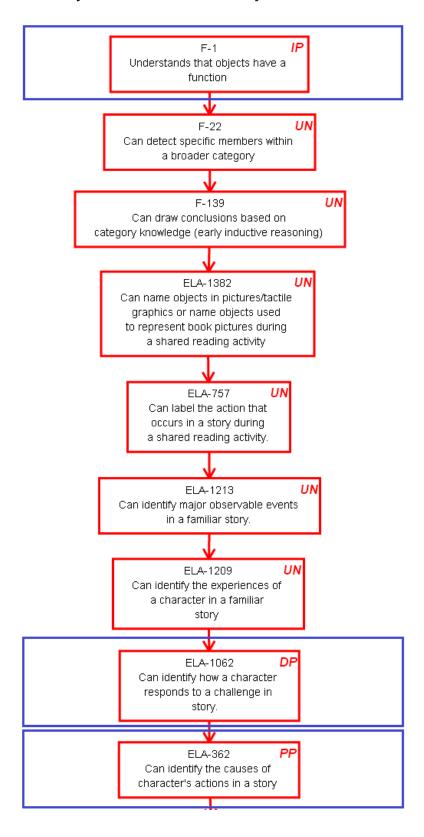
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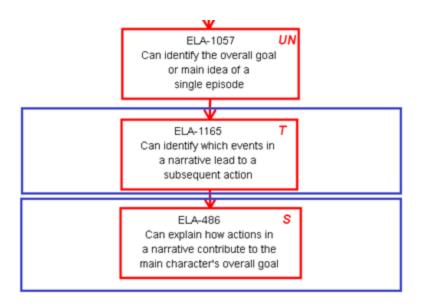
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-	m .		

ELA.EE.RL.8.3 - Identify which incidents in a story or drama lead to subsequent action.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	S
ELA.RL.8.5	ELA.EE.RL.8.5	Initial Precursor:
Compare and	Compare and	 Can identify the next step or event in a
contrast the	contrast the	sequence from a familiar routine
structure of two or	structure of two	Distal Precursor:
more texts and	or more texts	 Can determine the events that occur at the
analyze how the		beginning, middle, and end of a familiar,
differing structure of		linear story
each text contributes		Proximal Precursor:
to its meaning and		Student can compare the structure of two
style		or more texts (e.g., stories, poems, or
		dramas)
		Target:
		 Student can compare and contrast the
		structure of two or more texts (e.g., stories,
		poems, or dramas)
		Successor:
		 Can identify where a text deviates from a
		chronological presentation of events

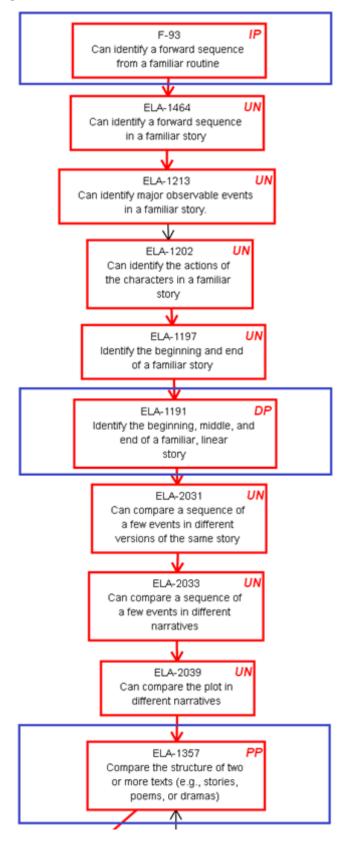
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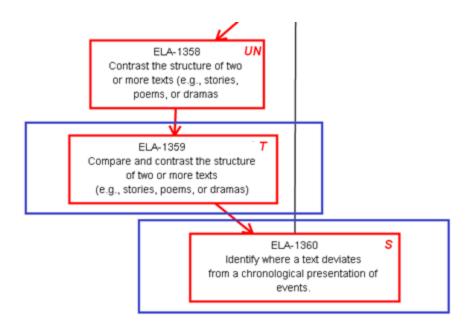
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
-	-		

ELA.EE.RL.8.5 - Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels		
Standard	Element			
ELA.RL.8.9	ELA.EE.RL.8.9	Initial Precursor:		
Analyze how a	Compare and	 Can understand adjectives in others' speech 		
modern work of	contrast themes,	Distal Precursor:		
fiction draws on	patterns of	 Can identify the behavior and actions of 		
themes, patterns of	events, or	specific characters in a familiar story		
events, or character	characters	Proximal Precursor:		
types from myths,	across two or	 Can determine when a character changes in 		
traditional stories, or	more stories or	how he/she/it feels emotionally over the		
religious works such	dramas	course of and in response to the events in a		
as the Bible,		story		
including describing		Target:		
how the material is		 Can determine how different narratives are 		
rendered new		the same and different in terms of their		
		theme, plot, and story elements, such as		
		characters, settings, and events		
		Successor:		
		 Can compare and contrast how similar 		
		themes and topics are addressed in texts		
		using different forms or from different		
		genres, such as between stories and poems		
		and between historical novels and fantasy		
		stories		

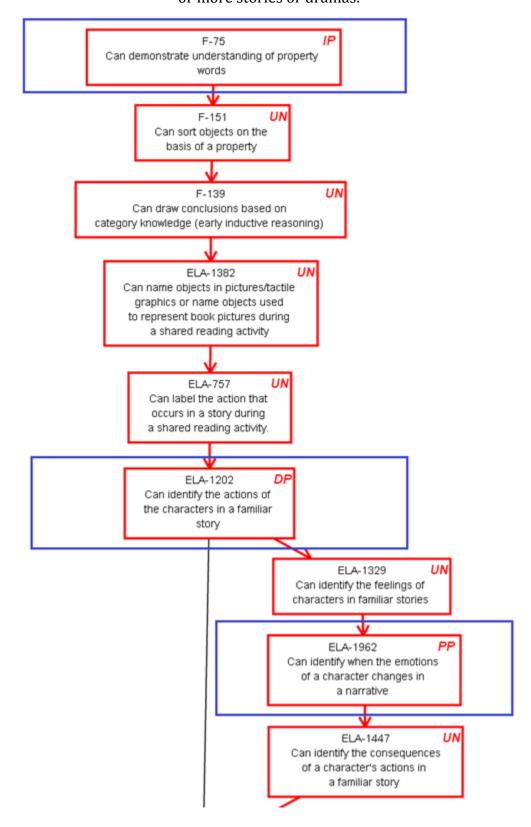
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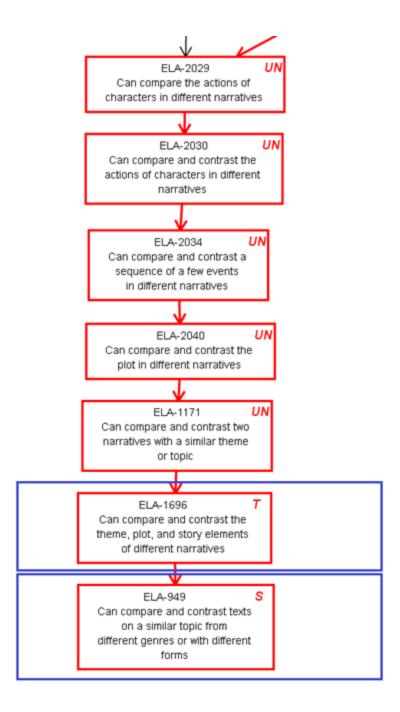
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DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
	_		

ELA.EE.RL.8.9 - Compare and contrast themes, patterns of events, or characters across two or more stories or dramas.







Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels		
Standard	Element			
ELA.RI.8.3	ELA.EE.RI.8.3	Initial Precursor:		
Analyze how a text	Recount events	 Can identify the next step or event in a 		
makes connections	in the order they	sequence from a familiar routine		
among and	were presented	Distal Precursor:		
distinctions between individuals, ideas, or	in the text	 Can identify the concrete details mentioned in beginner level informational texts 		
events (e.g., through		Proximal Precursor:		
comparisons, analogies, or categories)		 Can identify the relationship between multiple concrete facts or details in a literature or informational text 		
		Target:		
		 Can recall and describe the events and details in an informational text in the same order as they appeared in the text 		
		Successor:		
		 Can ascertain the logical relationship or interaction between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or other details in an informational text 		

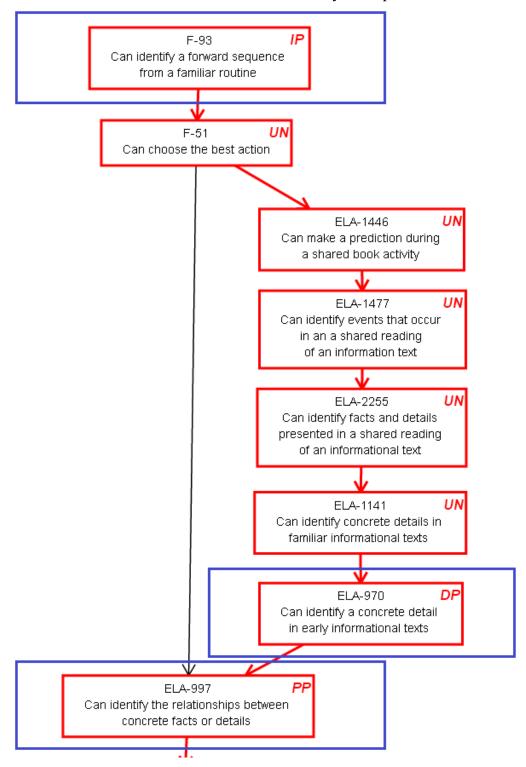
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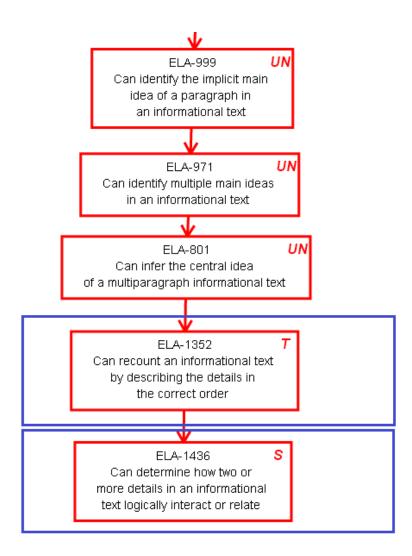
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PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested

ELA.EE.RI.8.3 - Recount events in the order they were presented in the text.







ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP ELA: GRADE 8 ELA.EE.RI.8.9

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.RI.8.9	ELA.EE.RI.8.9	Initial Precursor:
Analyze a case in	Identify where	Realizes that what he or she is thinking or
which two or more	two different	viewing may or may not be the same as
texts provide	texts on the	what other people see or think
conflicting	same topic differ	Distal Precursor:
information on the	in their	Can determine the specific claims made by
same topic and	interpretation of	a speaker or author
identify where the	the details	Proximal Precursor:
texts disagree on		 Can determine the specific points that an
matters of fact or		author or speaker uses that corroborate
interpretation		and support a claim
		Target:
		 Can identify how authors of two different
		informational texts on the same topic use
		details differently when forming their
		interpretations
		Successor:
		 Can identify similarities in how different
		informational texts on the same topic
		handle and/or explain alternative
		viewpoints

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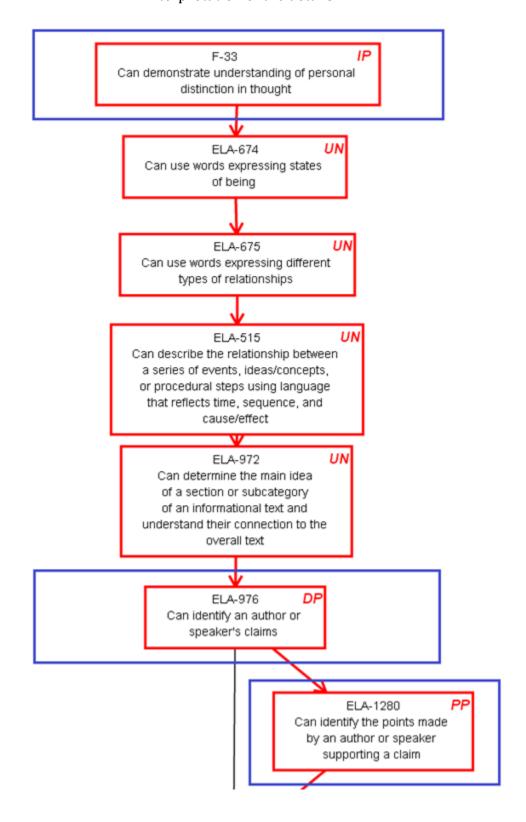
A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

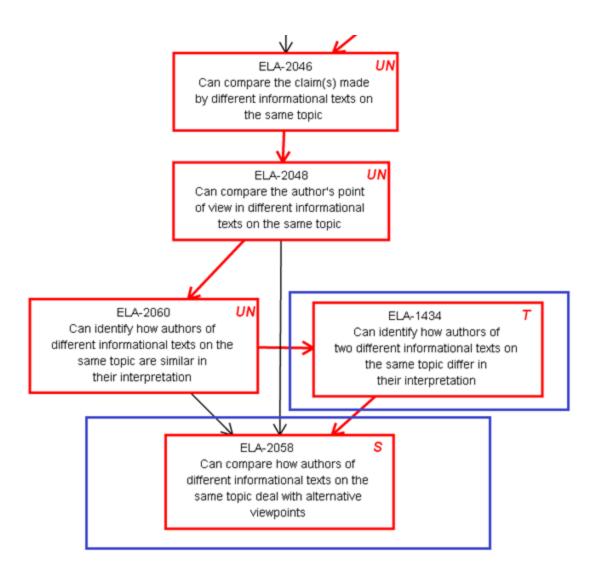
Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested

T Target

ELA.EE.RI.8.9 - Identify where two different texts on the same topic differ in their interpretation of the details.







ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP **ELA:** GRADE 8 **ELA.EE.W.8.2.**A

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.W.8.2.a	ELA.EE.W.8.2.a	EMERGENT WRITING (EW.8):
Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension	Introduce a topic clearly and write to convey ideas and information about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate	 Initial Precursor: Given a choice of two objects, uses eye-gaze, physical movement, gesture or vocalization to indicate choice Distal Precursor: Can respond to whquestions regarding choice of topic and other questions related to writing about the topic. CONVENTIONAL WRITING (CW.8): Proximal Precursor: Can select a topic for writing an informational text and then find information that is either tactile, visual, or multimedia for use when writing the text Target: Can introduce an informational topic while writing and extend by writing about ideas and information related to the topic Successor: Student is able to produce an informational piece of writing in which the topic is clearly introduced and the details about the topic (may be visual, tactual, or multimedia) are presented within a clear organizational structure

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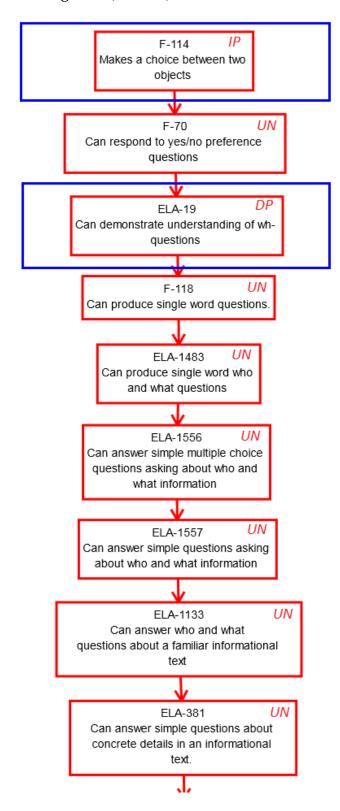
This EE is tested in an ELA writing testlet. Writing testlets are assessed at two levels: Emergent Writing and Conventional Writing. The initial and distal precursor nodes are assessed in the emergent writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f. The proximal precursor, target and successor nodes are assessed in the conventional writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f.

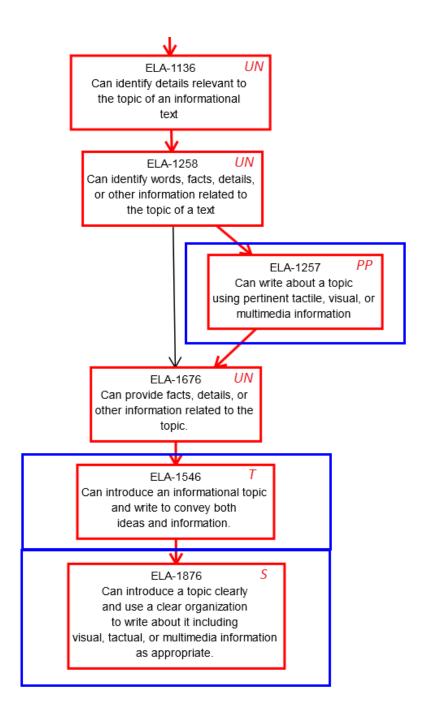
A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
T	Target		

ELA.EE.W.8.2.a - Introduce a topic clearly and write to convey ideas and information about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate.







ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP ELA: GRADE 8 **ELA.EE.W.8.2.**B

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.W.8.2.b	ELA.EE.W.8.2.b	EMERGENT WRITING (EW.8):
Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples	Write one or more facts or details related to the topic	 Initial Precursor: Can determine some of the relevant words for describing people, places, things, or events familiar to the student Distal Precursor: Can use perceptual words (describe a noun's features) to describe common persons, places, objects, or events CONVENTIONAL WRITING (CW.8): Proximal Precursor: Student is already able to identify facts and details related to topic from a set of choices. Now they are able to provide written facts, details and/or information about a topic Target: Student is able to put facts or details identified about a topic into writing Successor: Can develop a topic with facts
		or details related to the topic

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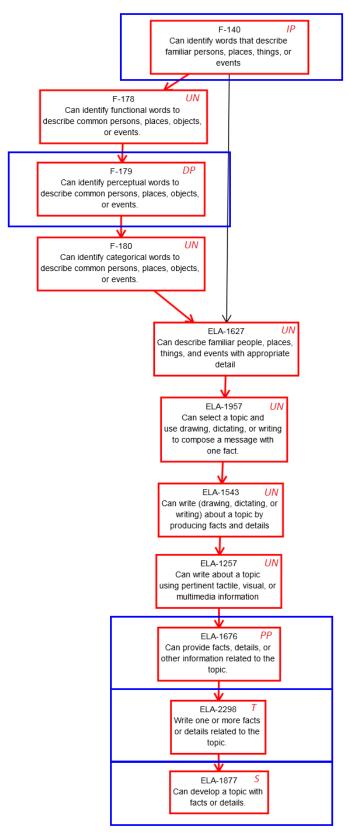
This EE is tested in an ELA writing testlet. Writing testlets are assessed at two levels: Emergent Writing and Conventional Writing. The initial and distal precursor nodes are assessed in the emergent writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.c, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f. The proximal precursor, target and successor nodes are assessed in the conventional writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.c, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f.

A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
T	Target		

ELA.EE.W.8.2.b - Write one or more facts or details related to the topic.





ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP **ELA:** GRADE 8 **ELA.EE.W.8.2.**C

Grade-Level Standard	DLM Essential Element	Linkage Levels
ELA.W.8.2.c Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts	ELA.EE.W.8.2.c Write complete thoughts as appropriate	 Initial Precursor: Can produce single word utterances Distal Precursor: Can produce utterances comprising of two words CONVENTIONAL WRITING (CW.8): Proximal Precursor: Can use two words together when producing a written text Target: Student is able to produce a complete thought in writing. Up to this point, students may produce writing that requires some interpretation or context to understand (e.g., frg lgs = frogs use their legs to jump). By this node students are able to create a complete thought (e.g., Frogs jump). The produced thought may not be grammatically correct (i.e., The frogs can jump), but still conveys a complete thought or idea Successor: Can write coherent, semantically accurate, and grammatically correct simple sentences

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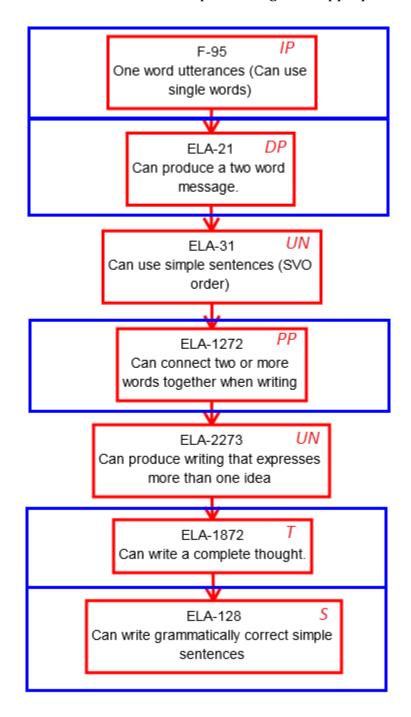
This EE is tested in an ELA writing testlet. Writing testlets are assessed at two levels: Emergent Writing and Conventional Writing. The initial and distal precursor nodes are assessed in the emergent writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f. The proximal precursor, target and successor nodes are assessed in the conventional writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.d, and EE.W.8.2.f.

A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
T	Target		

ELA.EE.W.8.2.c - Write complete thoughts as appropriate.





ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP ELA: GRADE 8 ELA.EE.W.8.2.D

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.W.8.2.d	ELA.EE.W.8.2.d	EMERGENT WRITING (EW.8):
Use precise language	Use domain	Initial Precursor: When supplied with a
and domain-specific	specific	member of a category, can determine if the
vocabulary to inform	vocabulary	member belongs in the category
about or explain the	related to the	Distal Precursor: Using their categorical
topic	topic	knowledge, can make generalizations about the
		category to novel instances of that category
		CONVENTIONAL WRITING (CW.8):
		Proximal Precursor: Student is able to select
		domain-specific words to use for writing about
		a topic
		Target: Can include domain-specific
		vocabulary when writing an informative text
		Successor: Can use domain-specific
		vocabulary to strengthen claims in informative
		writing (student is both able to write claims at
		this stage and can appropriately make use of
		domain specific vocabulary to enhance claims)

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This EE is tested in an ELA writing testlet. Writing testlets are assessed at two levels: Emergent Writing and Conventional Writing. The initial and distal precursor nodes are assessed in the emergent writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, and EE.W.8.2.f. The proximal precursor, target and successor nodes are assessed in the conventional writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, and EE.W.8.2.f.

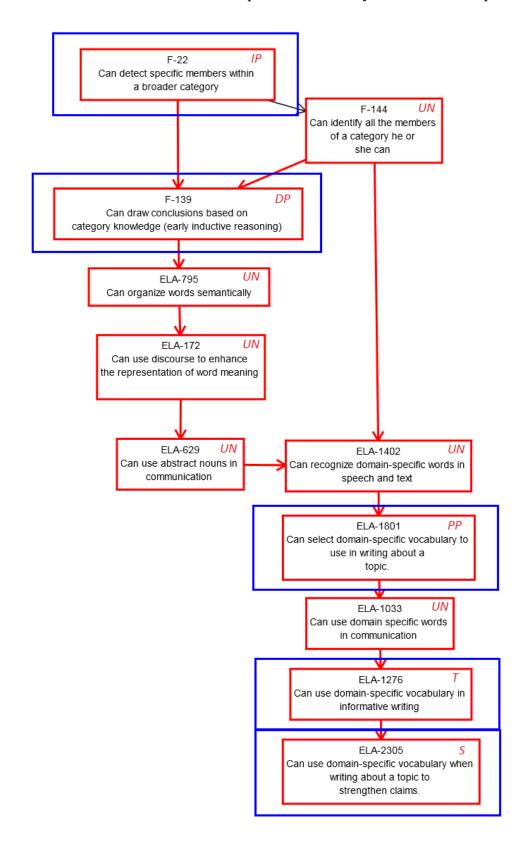
A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
-			

T Target

ELA.EE.W.8.2.d - Use domain specific vocabulary related to the topic.





ESSENTIAL ELEMENT, LINKAGE LEVELS, AND MINI-MAP ELA: GRADE 8 ELA.EE.W.8.2.F

Grade-Level	DLM Essential	Linkage Levels
Standard	Element	
ELA.W.8.2.f	ELA.EE.W.8.2.f	EMERGENT WRITING (EW.8):
Provide a concluding	Provide a closing	 Initial Precursor: As a result of the
statement or section		experience with a routine, the student is
that follows from and		able to identify the end or completion of a
supports the		routine
information or		Distal Precursor: Can produce a universal
explanation		ending in writing (e.g., the student can
presented		write "the end")
		CONVENTIONAL WRITING (CW.8):
		Proximal Precursor: Can write a
		concluding sentence, statement, or section
		of a written text to bring together all the
		information presented in the text
		Target: Can produce a conclusion for a text
		he or she is writing
		Successor: Can create a writing piece that
		includes a conclusion that is relevant to the
		main topic of the piece

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This EE is tested in an ELA writing testlet. Writing testlets are assessed at two levels: Emergent Writing and Conventional Writing. The initial and distal precursor nodes are assessed in the emergent writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, and EE.W.8.2.d. The proximal precursor, target and successor nodes are assessed in the conventional writing testlet in Grade 8 with four other Essential Elements: EE.W.8.2.a, EE.W.8.2.b, EE.W.8.2.c, and EE.W.8.2.d.

A diagram showing the relationship of nodes in the mini-map appears below.

Key to map codes in upper right corner of node boxes:

IP	Initial Precursor	SP	Supporting
DP	Distal Precursor	S	Successor
PP	Proximal Precursor	UN	Untested
-	-		

T Target

ELA.EE.W.8.2.f - Provide a closing.

